

THE QUEEN'S COLLEGE OXFORD

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

The Queen's College, Oxford Annual Report and Financial Statements Contents

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MEMBERS OF THE GOVERNING BODY

The members of the Governing Body are the College's charity trustees under charity law. The members of the Governing Body who served in office during the year or subsequently are detailed below.

		1	2	3	4	5	6
Dr C H Craig CBE (Provost)	Appointed 02/08/2019	•^	•^	•^	•^	•^	•^*
Prof P A Madden (Provost)	Retired 01/08/2019	•~	•~	•~	•~	•~	•~*
Prof W J Blair							
Prof P A Robbins		•					
Prof J Hyman	Resigned 31/08/2018						
Dr R B Nickerson		•	•^			•	•*
Dr J H Davis							
Prof R A Taylor							
Prof J A Langdale							
Prof E J C Mellor						•	
Dr N J Owen				•		•	
Prof Sir J M Ball	Retired 30/09/2018						
Prof O L Rees			•^				
Mr N C Bamforth			•~				
Dr K A Q O'Reilly		•					
Dr C B Louth						•^	
Prof C J Norbury					•		
Prof J P K Doye				•			
Prof M J Buckley		•~	•	•			
Prof S Aldridge		•^					
Dr Y C R Capdeboscq	Resigned 31/07/2019	•~					
Dr A Timms		•	•		•	•	
Dr P Papazoglou							
Dr L R Lonsdale							
Dr R L Beasley				•		•~	
Dr C V Crowther							
Prof C A O'Callaghan			•~				
Prof R N N Robertson							

The Queen's College, Oxford Governing Body, Officers and Advisers Year ended 31 July 2019

Prof L L A Phalippou		•				
Dr D Meyer						
Dr A M Gardner						
Dr P Tammaro						
Dr L A Turnbull						
Dr J L Guest			•^			
Prof R B Parkinson						
Dr C M S Metcalf		•^		•		
Prof S A Whidden			•	•		
Prof E West	Resigned 30/09/2018					
Dr W Kets						
Dr D Prout						
Prof B D Savage	Elected 17/10/2018; resigned 30/09/2019					
Prof J P Keating	Elected 23/10/2019					
Prof C E J Abell	Elected 23/10/2019					
Prof P C Mancall	Elected 23/10/2019					
Prof R S Weatherup	Elected 23/10/2019					
Dr S Kelly	Elected 13/11/2019					

Fellows are listed in order of appointment to the Governing Body. Fellows elected to the Governing Body do not have voting rights during their first year and are therefore not considered to be trustees during that period.

Fellows served on committees during the year unless otherwise indicated.

The ~ symbol indicates that a Fellow has ceased membership of a committee since 31 July 2019.

The ^ symbol indicates that a Fellow has joined a committee since 31 July 2019.

The * symbol indicates non-voting membership of a committee.

During the year the activities of the Governing Body were carried out through committees. The current membership of the major committees is shown above for each Fellow.

- 1 Estates and Finance Committee
- 2 Domus Committee
- 3 Academic Committee
- 4 Development Committee
- 5 Personnel Committee
- 6 Remuneration Committee

Governing Body members of the Remuneration Committee who receive remuneration from the College are in attendance only at that committee and are not entitled to vote.

The external members of the Remuneration Committee are:

Mr A Beecroft, Mr C Doley, Mr D Gillard, Mr N Kitchen, Mr P Newton, Mr D Seymour (chairman), Ms Z Wright.

COLLEGE MANAGEMENT

The members of the Governing Body to whom day-to-day management is delegated are as follows:

Provost	Dr C H Craig (Prof P A Madden to 01/08/2019)
Bursar	Dr A Timms
Senior Tutor	Dr N J Owen
Dean	Dr R B Nickerson (Prof C A O'Callaghan to 30/09/2019)
Tutor for Undergraduates	Prof S A Whidden (Prof J Hyman to 31/08/2018)
Tutor for Graduates	Prof M J Buckley
Tutor for Admissions	Prof J P K Doye

They are supported in particular by the following senior staff:

Domestic Bursar	Ms M L Bracey
Finance Officer	Mr G R Spankie
Academic Administrator	Dr S McHugh (Ms J T Millar to 31/12/2018)
Director of Development	Dr J B Jacobs (Ms A Thorne to 25/08/2018)
Chaplain	The Revd K A M Price
Librarian	Vacancy (Ms A J Saville to 21/10/2019)

COLLEGE ADVISERS

Investment property managers

Savills, Wytham Court, 11 West Way, Oxford, OX2 0QL

Lambert Smith Hampton, Enterprise House, Ocean Way, Southampton, SO14 3XB

Auditors

Critchleys Audit LLP, Beaver House, 23-38 Hythe Bridge Street, Oxford, OX1 2EP

Bankers

The Royal Bank of Scotland, Drummond House (EW) Branch, 1 Redheughs Avenue, Edinburgh, EH12 9JN

Solicitors

Womble Bond Dickinson (UK) LLP, Oceana House, 39-49 Commercial Road, Southampton, SO15 1GA Knights plc, Midland House, West Way, Botley, Oxford, OX2 0PH

College address

The Queen's College, High Street, Oxford, OX1 4AW

Web site

www.queens.ox.ac.uk

The Queen's College, Oxford Report of the Governing Body Year ended 31 July 2019

The members of the Governing Body present their Annual Report for the year ended 31 July 2019 under the Charities Act 2011 together with the audited financial statements for the year.

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

The Provost and Scholars of the Queen's College in the University of Oxford, which is known as The Queen's College ("the College"), is an eleemosynary, chartered charitable corporation aggregate. It was founded, under licence granted 18 January in the year 1341 by King Edward the Third, by Robert de Eglesfield, Clerk, Chaplain to Queen Philippa. The College registered with the Charity Commission on 23 June 2011 (registered number 1142553).

The names of all members of the Governing Body at the date of this report and of those in office during the year, together with details of the senior staff and advisers to the College, are given on pages 2 to 4.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Governing documents

The College is governed by its Statutes dated 13 February 2019.

Governing Body

The Governing Body is constituted and regulated in accordance with the College Statutes, the terms of which are enforceable ultimately by the Visitor, who is the Archbishop of York. The Governing Body appoints the Provost, Fellows, Lecturers, and such administrative and other officers as the Governing Body deems necessary from time to time.

New members of the Governing Body are elected in accordance with the College Statutes. Membership is extended to the Provost, all Fellows holding University Associate Professorships or statutory professorial chairs, and such other Fellows of the College as the Governing Body deems appropriate on the basis of the Statutes.

The Governing Body determines the ongoing strategic direction of the College and regulates its administration and the management of its finances and assets. It meets regularly under the chairmanship of the Provost and is advised by committees which it constitutes.

Recruitment and training of members of the Governing Body

New members of the Governing Body are recruited by competitive application for advertised vacancies and inducted into the workings of the College, including Governing Body policy and procedures, by meetings with College officers. The 2018-19 year was the final year of Prof Paul Madden's Provostship; his successor, Dr Claire Craig CBE, was pre-elected to the Provostship on 17 October 2018, and took up her post on 2 August 2019.

Members of the Governing Body are briefed annually by the Provost on current issues in the sector and updates to regulatory requirements. Student representatives attend the Governing Body for the unreserved part of the agenda, and representatives of the College's Research and Career Development Fellows, plus some members of the senior staff, attend the Governing Body for unreserved and reserved items of the agenda.

Remuneration of members of the Governing Body and senior College staff

The members of the Governing Body are primarily teaching and research employees of the College or University and receive no remuneration or benefits from their trusteeship of the College. Those trustees who are employees of the College receive remuneration for their work as employees of the College which is set based on the advice of the College's Remuneration Committee, the voting members of which are Old Members of the College not in receipt of remuneration from the College. Where possible, remuneration is set in line with that awarded to the University's academic staff or comparable College posts.

The remuneration of senior College staff is set by the Governing Body with reference to scales applied to academic-related staff in the University.

Organisational management

The members of the Governing Body meet ten times a year. The work of developing their policies and monitoring the implementation of these is carried out by six primary committees:

- The Estates and Finance Committee includes the Provost, Bursar, two former holders of the office of Estates Bursar, and four further Fellows, and meets nine times per year. The Finance Officer attends meetings. The role of the Committee is to examine the management of the College's property and assets and all matters connected with the finances of the College.
- The Domus Committee includes the Provost, Bursar, Dean, Tutor for Undergraduates, IT Fellow, Steward of Common Room, and two elected Fellows, and meets six times per year. The Chaplain, Domestic Bursar, IT Officer, and Conference and Functions Officer attend meetings together with student representatives and a representative of the College's Research and Career Development Fellows. The Committee oversees the use of facilities, routine maintenance and refurbishment, accommodation and catering, IT provision, and conference and trading activities.
- The Academic Committee includes the Provost, Senior Tutor, Tutor for Undergraduates, Tutor for Graduates, Tutor for Admissions, and at least two further Fellows, together with two student representatives and a representative of the College's Research and Career Development Fellows. It meets six times per year. The Academic Administrator attends meetings. It oversees the academic activities of the College and in particular makes recommendations to the Governing Body in relation to academic appointments, strategy, feedback, and governance.
- The Development Committee consists of the Provost, Bursar, two further Fellows, a number of Old Members, and a representative of the College's Research and Career Development Fellows. It meets three times per year. The Director of Development and Old Members' Officer attend meetings. Its role is to maintain good relationships with Old Members of the College and to oversee the College's fundraising activities.
- The Personnel Committee consists of the Provost, Bursar, Senior Tutor, Equalities Officer, and two further Fellows. The Domestic Bursar attends meetings. Its role is to consider personnel matters that relate to the non-academic employees of the College.
- The Remuneration Committee meets to consider the remuneration of members of the Governing Body. The
 Committee consists of seven members elected by the Governing Body from among the Honorary, Emeritus,
 and Professorial Fellows, and Old Members of the College who are not members of the Governing Body. It
 is attended by the Provost and another Fellow who acts as secretary. No voting member of the committee
 may draw a stipend from the College.

The day-to-day running of the College is delegated to the Provost, supported by College Officers and other senior staff. The Provost normally chairs all meetings of the Governing Body and its committees.

Group structure and relationships

The College also administers many trusts and specific funds, as outlined in notes 19 and 20 to the financial statements, and has two wholly owned non-charitable subsidiaries: The Queen's College Oxford Trading Limited ("QCOTL"; a company registered in England and Wales, number 07192549) and The Queen's College Oxford Developments Limited ("QCODL"; a company registered in England and Wales, number 09668661).

QCOTL primarily provides letting of the College facilities for conference and other events when not in use by the College. Any profits are donated to the College through Gift Aid.

QCODL provides design and development services in respect of the College's buildings. Any profits are donated to the College through Gift Aid.

The College is part of the collegiate University of Oxford. Material interdependencies between the University and the College arise as a consequence of this relationship.

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Charitable Objects and Aims

The College's objects are to maintain a College for the advancement of education and research and the advancement of religion.

The College's aims for the public benefit are:

- (1) The advancement of education and research for the benefit of the public, in a range of subject areas as determined from time to time by its Governing Body, including through: (a) the provision of teaching, supervision, accommodation and other forms of support for undergraduate and graduate students; and (b) the provision of a Library which shall include works for consultation by qualified scholars.
- (2) The advancement of religion for the benefit of the public, including through the provision of a Chapel affiliated with the Church of England and through the holding of services and associated events.

The Governing Body is mindful of the long-standing requirement to provide public benefit and of the disclosure requirements of the Charities Act 2011. In this connection the Governing Body has monitored closely the general and supplemental guidance produced by the Charity Commission, in particular its public benefit guidance on advancement of education and on fee-charging.

Activities and objectives of the College and subsidiaries

- (1) To carry out education and research activities jointly with the University. This involves payment of salaries and the provision of infrastructure including office space and administrative support.
- (2) To supplement the education provided jointly with the University with tutorial teaching provided by Collegeonly appointed teachers, and by provision of its own Library and IT facilities, and welfare, social, cultural and recreational facilities to enable each of its students to realise their academic and personal potential to its fullest extent.
- (3) To supplement the research activities it promotes jointly with the University by providing College-only funded research Fellowships and by providing an environment for interaction between researchers. In addition it provides funding in support of their research to members of the College, and provides facilities for visiting researchers, including access to a valued research Library.
- (4) To admit undergraduate and graduate students without any restriction subject only to satisfaction of publicised academic criteria. Tuition fees are regulated on a national basis. The College accommodates almost all of its undergraduates and roughly one half of its graduates. For such costs and other costs Home/EU undergraduate students are eligible for student loans under the national scheme and for Oxford Bursaries on a means-tested basis.
- (5) To provide various forms of financial assistance to both undergraduate and graduate students through prizes, scholarships, and grants to allow them to pursue projects which further their studies, and to provide targeted support in cases of hardship.
- (6) To support a number of access-related activities, provided to ensure that the information needed to apply for admission to the University is disseminated as widely as possible.
- (7) To provide and support a Chapel affiliated with the Church of England and through the holding of daily services and associated events that are open to the public. The employment of a Chaplain facilitates the above and provides ministry to all students without regard to religious affiliation. The College maintains a Chapel Choir which complements and enhances the liturgy.

The aim of The Queen's College Oxford Trading Limited is to provide financial support for the achievement of the College's aims as set out above.

The aim of The Queen's College Oxford Developments Limited is to provide design and development services in respect of the College's buildings.

The Queen's College, Oxford Report of the Governing Body Year ended 31 July 2019

The College admitted 98 new undergraduate students and 77 postgraduate students during the year, bringing the total numbers in residence to 332 and 214 respectively, plus one registered visiting student. Six new part-time College Lecturers were appointed to supplement the teaching provided by Fellows. One Laming Junior Fellow, four Junior Research Fellows, and one Career Development Fellow were appointed. Four graduate students were appointed as residential Junior Deans.

College representatives ran a series of events to address pupils from groups of schools to explain the admissions procedure and the benefits of studying at Oxford. The College supported other colleges and University departments with further events. The College's commitment to improving access to higher education for all, and in particular for those from backgrounds without a strong tradition of university education, was affirmed by the resources allocated to Schools Liaison and Outreach, where a total of £100,376 was spent in the year.

The College believes that the best academic work takes place in a balanced environment; it supported undergraduate sport, music and other non-academic activities during the year. £114,938 was spent in support of all sports, £8,442 in support of music (in addition to support of the Chapel Choir), and £31,578 on the student common rooms.

The Library was open to students 24 hours a day during all three terms. It purchased new resources as required in support of the students at a cost of £41,403.

Members of the College were very active in research in a wide range of fields. The College supported this work with research grants and allowances to a total of £90,937. This contribution makes a significant difference to the final quality of work that can be achieved in many disciplines.

78 choral services were held over the year (mainly on Sunday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings) and attracted significant numbers of local residents as well as students and Fellows. The Chaplain is much involved in counselling and in the pastoral care of the College.

Public benefit

The College remains committed to the aim of providing public benefit in accordance with its founding principles.

It admits as students those who have the highest potential for benefitting from the education provided by the College and University and recruits as academic staff those who are able to contribute most to the academic excellence of the College, regardless of financial, geographical, ethnic, social or religious background, or age.

It provides subsidised accommodation and meals to students at reasonable rates. It offers accommodation to all of the undergraduate body and to roughly half of the graduates, including all of those in their first year of study. In order to assist undergraduates entitled to financial support the College provides funds to the Oxford Bursary Scheme. For the academic year 2018–19 the number of awards made to Queen's students was 55, the total value of which was £121,905. 9 Queen's students were awarded Moritz-Heyman Scholarships, providing bursaries of £32,042 in total and fee reductions of £26,000. In addition the College awarded 42 Scholarships, each with a value of £450, 36 Junior Scholarships, each with a value of £300, and 7 Exhibitions, each with a value of £150, to undergraduates on academic merit, without reference to background. To support the costs of graduate students the College made a number of Scholarship awards, including a small number of fully funded studentships for both fees and living costs, to a total value of £273,473. In addition the College operates a targeted Hardship Scheme, which makes awards to both undergraduates and graduates up to a total value of £15,000.

The College provides academic support to students through book and equipment grants and an academic travel grant scheme which together made awards totalling £44,935 in 2018–19.

The College operates an outreach programme to raise educational aspiration and attract outstanding applicants who might not otherwise have considered applying to the College. It employs a full-time Schools Liaison and Outreach Officer and the programme involves visits by schools to the College, open days, and guidance and information to applicants and teachers.

During term-time the Chapel hosts daily morning and evening services on weekdays (the evening service taking the form of Choral Evensong on Wednesdays and Fridays), and Holy Communion and Choral Evensong on Sundays. All services are open to the public; Choral Evensong, in particular, is very well attended thanks in part

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to the outstanding quality of the Chapel Choir. The Choir also sang for several external events around the country and toured Portugal during the 2019 summer vacation.

The College has a substantial programme of musical performances that are well attended by the public, including weekly organ and instrumental recitals. In addition the College hosts, free of charge, a number of concerts by Oxford-based ensembles, including the now-celebrated Oxford Lent Concerts, the proceeds from which are donated to charities.

As well as providing an excellent service to current members of the College, the Library holds an outstanding collection of pre-1800 books and manuscripts, many of which are unique. 263 external readers consulted 546 items from the special collections. In addition, a number of public interest visits to the Library to view the building and parts of the collection were hosted. The underground extension to the Library, which opened in 2017, has continued to be a popular and well-used facility.

The College maintains a sports ground, primarily for the use of its members, but which is also used extensively by local clubs, especially during the vacations.

ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE

89 undergraduates passed final examinations in June 2019, including 38 with first class honours, and during the course of the 2018–19 academic year 33 graduates completed doctoral research degrees. A further 23 completed graduate taught courses, five completed the Clinical Medicine (BM BCh) degree, and three completed Postgraduate Certificates in Education.

In the financial year 2018–19 the College received £3,349,976 in gifts from Old Members and other benefactors. The College is very grateful for this generous support. Total income received in donations exceeded expectations, which was principally the result of a further substantial donation of endowment to establish a programme of graduate scholarships. The sums spent to raise these donations were in line with the College's expectations.

The College is voluntarily registered with the Fundraising Regulator and has committed to follow its Code of Fundraising Practice and the Fundraising Promise. The College's fund-raising is carried out by employees, overseen at a strategic level by a Development Committee consisting of trustees of the College together with a number of representatives of the Old Membership of the College. The College prioritises its long-term relationship with Old Members over short-term considerations, and always endeavours to raise funds in a respectful and moderated manner. Any Old Member who does not wish to be contacted for fund-raising purposes can easily opt out of such communications, and all relevant staff are trained to respect such preferences. The College received no complaints about its fundraising activity in 2018-19.

QCOTL undertook the letting of College facilities to various clients. Turnover was in line with expectations.

QCODL made a small loss, arising from administrative expenses, which is expected to reverse in the future.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The College's financial performance during the year was once again satisfactory. Income from charitable activities was in line with in-year forecasts, and fund-raising receipts were pleasing. Total expenditure, excluding a charge in respect of the defined benefit liability arising from the USS pension scheme, was within budget.

Net income before gains was £1,621,000. The decrease in net income compared with last year was primarily caused by a reduction in donations and legacies received, together with increased expenditure on the College's charitable activities. As mentioned above, this expenditure notably included a significant charge in respect of the defined benefit liability arising from the 2017 valuation of the USS pension scheme; note 23 of the financial statements outlines this charge in greater detail.

The endowment assets produced a total return of 5.3%, of which 3.9% was capital growth. This was an acceptable result, reflecting the relatively modest returns seen in global equity markets over the year and a very small overall change in the valuation of the College's investment properties. At the end of the year the funds of the College had increased from £368,051,000 to £382,698,000 net of long term borrowings of £34,840,000.

Reserves policy

The College's reserves policy is to maintain sufficient free reserves to enable it to meet its short-term financial obligations in the event of an unexpected revenue shortfall and to allow the College to be managed efficiently and to provide a buffer that would ensure uninterrupted services.

Total funds of the College and its subsidiaries at the year-end amounted to £382,698,000 (2018: £368,051,000). This includes endowment capital of £300,793,000 and unspent restricted income funds totalling £9,350,000. Free reserves at the year-end amounted to £6,873,000 (2018: £6,876,000), representing retained unrestricted income reserves excluding an amount of £33,981,000 for the book value of tangible fixed assets less associated funding arrangements. Designated funds at the year-end consisted of £31,459,000 (2018: £27,432,000) for the maintenance and refurbishment of the College's buildings, to be spent as required and usually within 10 years.

The statuses of the College's funds, including free and designated reserves, are described in notes 19 and 20 to the financial statements. The Governing Body, advised by the Estates and Finance Committee, has determined the reserves to be sufficient and in line with the reserves policy.

Risk management

The College has processes which operated throughout the financial year to identify, evaluate and manage the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the College and its subsidiaries in undertaking their activities. When it is not able to assess risks using internal resources, the College takes advice from experts external to the College with specialist knowledge. Policies, procedures, and the risk register are reviewed by the relevant College committee, chaired by the Provost. Financial and investment risks are assessed by the Estates and Finance Committee. In addition, the Domestic Bursar and domestic heads of sections meet regularly to review health and safety and personnel matters. The College has instituted a continuous programme of monitoring and improvement in health and safety matters, with advice regularly provided by suitably qualified personnel. Training courses and other forms of career development are available, when requested, to members of staff to enhance their skills in risk-related areas.

The Governing Body, which has ultimate responsibility for managing any risks faced by the College, has reviewed the processes in place for managing risk and the principal identified risks to which the College and its subsidiaries are exposed, and has concluded that adequate systems are in place to manage these risks. In particular, the Governing Body has identified and reviewed a register of risks in the following areas: governance, finances, academic matters, and operations. Specific risks considered include: governance processes (including conflicts of interests), relations with the University of Oxford (including divergences in strategic priorities), compliance risks (including safeguarding), the financial health of the College (including the future of the USS pension scheme), major capital projects, personnel matters (including the challenges posed by the high housing costs of Oxford), the condition of College buildings, health and safety, and business continuity.

In 2018-19 the Governing Body has continued to pay particular attention to various risks in the valuation of the USS pension scheme. At the date of this report the 2018 valuation has now been finalised, which provides the College with a slightly clearer picture of its commitments in the short term than had previously been the case. The Governing Body's view remains that an attractive defined-benefit pension is an important component of the overall remuneration package that is offered to academic employees.

In 2018-19 the Governing Body has also reviewed its arrangements in respect of safeguarding responsibilities, and expects to implement a new safeguarding policy in 2019-20.

Investment policy, objectives and performance

The College's investment objectives are to balance current and future beneficiary needs by:

- maintaining (at least) the value of the investments in real terms over the long term;
- producing a consistent and sustainable level of income to support expenditure; and
- delivering these objectives within acceptable levels of risk.

To meet these objectives the College's investments as a whole are managed on a total return basis, maintaining diversification across a range of asset classes in order to produce an appropriate balance between risk and return. In line with this approach, the College statutes allow the College to invest permanent endowments to

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maximise the related total return and to make available for expenditure each year an appropriate proportion of the unapplied total return. The initial value of the trust for investment and the initial value of the unapplied total return were established on 25 June 2011 and take effect from 1 August 2002. These values were established by examination, to the extent reasonably possible, of the terms (where known) of historical benefactions to the College.

The investment strategy, policy, and performance are monitored by the Estates and Finance Committee. At the year end, the College's long term investments, combining the securities and property investments, totalled £350,316,000.

Under the total return accounting basis, it is the Governing Body's policy to extract as income a percentage of the total endowment value. The figure depends on the split between property and securities and in the current year was 3.10% (plus the costs of running the endowment). To smooth and moderate the amounts withdrawn this figure is calculated using the average of the year-end endowment values in each of the last five years, corrected for inflation.

The Governing Body will keep the level of income withdrawn under review to balance the needs and interests of current and future beneficiaries of the College's activities.

FUTURE PLANS

The core elements of the College's future plans as agreed by the Governing Body are:

- to work with the University of Oxford to identify, encourage applications from, and offer places to, prospective students solely on the basis of their academic excellence and potential to benefit from the opportunities provided by the College;
- to provide the best possible environment for the scholarly pursuit of knowledge in the arts, sciences, humanities, and social sciences, including the provision of individual or small-group teaching and supervision and the support of academic research, and to support and encourage members of the College in ways that will help them to achieve their full academic potential;
- to increase support for members of the College who would otherwise be unable to engage fully in scholarly pursuit as a consequence of financial disadvantage or disability;
- to ensure the long-term financial security of the College, and the integrity of its residential and educational facilities.

Specific development plans have been agreed, where necessary, for the separate departments within the College to ensure that the College continues to enhance its ability to provide a first-class education in an academic environment rooted in research. In the year 2019–20 the College will:

- continue to make efforts to improve the academic results attained by its undergraduates:
- continue to consider the future of the Florey Building and the overall student accommodation strategy;
- consider how to reduce the College's carbon 'footprint';
- begin to undertake projects envisaged in a commissioned 'masterplan', including the development of designs for a new, fully accessible Porters' Lodge;
- continue to implement the recommendations of an audit into the College's human resource practices.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES

The Governing Body is responsible for preparing the Report of the Governing Body and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Charity law requires the Governing Body to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Governing Body has prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102: The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Under charity law the Governing Body must not approve the financial statements unless it is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the College and of its net income or expenditure for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Governing Body is required to:

- select the most suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards, including FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- state whether a Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) applies and has been followed, subject to any material departures which are explained in the financial statements.
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the College will continue to operate.

The Governing Body is responsible for keeping proper accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the College's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the College and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the College and ensuring their proper application under charity law and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by the Governing Body on 4 December 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Dr C Craig Provost

The Queen's College, Oxford

Independent auditor's report to the members of the Governing Body of The Queen's College, Oxford

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Queen's College, Oxford (the "Charity") for the year ended 31 July 2019 which comprise the Statement of Accounting Policies, the Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities, the Consolidated and College Balance Sheets, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102: The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group and charity's affairs as at 31 July 2019 and of the group's income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice:
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the members of the Governing Body's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the members of the Governing Body have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified
 material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Charity's ability to continue to adopt the
 going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
 statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The members of the Governing Body are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

The Queen's College, Oxford

Independent auditor's report to the members of the Governing Body of The Queen's College, Oxford

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities Act 2011 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- sufficient accounting records have not been kept;
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not obtained all the information and explanations necessary for the purposes of our audit.

Responsibilities of the members of the Governing Body

As explained more fully in the Statement of Accounting and Reporting Responsibilities (set out on page 12), the members of the Governing Body are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the members of the Governing Body are responsible for assessing the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the members of the Governing Body either intend to liquidate the Charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the College's Governing Body, as a body, in accordance with section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and the regulations made under section 154 of that Act. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the members of the Governing Body those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the College's Governing Body as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Critchleys Audit LLP Statutory Auditor Oxford

4 December 2019

Critchleys Audit LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of sections 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

1. Scope of the financial statements

The financial statements present the Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities (SoFA), the Consolidated and College Balance Sheets and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the College and its wholly owned subsidiaries, The Queen's College Oxford Trading Limited and The Queen's College Oxford Developments Limited. The subsidiaries have been consolidated from the date of their formation being the date from which the College has exercised control through voting rights in the subsidiaries. No separate SoFA has been presented for the College alone as currently permitted by the Charity Commission on a concessionary basis for the filing of consolidated financial statements. A summary of the results and financial position of the charity and each of its material subsidiaries for the reporting year are disclosed in note 13.

2. Basis of accounting

The College's individual and consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, in particular 'FRS 102: The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (FRS 102).

The College is a public benefit entity for the purposes of FRS 102 and a registered charity. The College has therefore also prepared its individual and consolidated financial statements in accordance with 'The Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their financial statements in accordance with FRS 102' (The Charities SORP (FRS 102)).

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and on the historical cost basis, except for the measurement of investments and certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value with movements in value reported within the Statement of Financial Activities (SoFA). The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below and have been applied consistently throughout the year.

3. Accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

In preparing financial statements it is necessary to make certain judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts recognised in the financial statements. The following judgements and estimates are considered by the Governing Body to have most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements:

The College carries investment property at fair value in the balance sheet, with changes in fair value being recognised in the income and expenditure section of the SoFA. Independent valuations are obtained to determine fair value at the balance sheet date.

Before legacies are recognised in the financial statements, the Governing Body has to exercise judgement as to what constitutes sufficient evidence of entitlement to the bequest. Sufficient entitlement exists once notification of payment has been received from the executor(s) of the estate or estate accounts are available which indicate there are sufficient funds in the estate after meeting liabilities for the bequest to be paid.

With respect to the next financial year, the most significant areas of uncertainty that affect the carrying value of assets held by the College are the level of investment return, the performance of investment markets, and the USS pension scheme deficit.

4. Income recognition

All income is recognised once the College has entitlement to the income, the economic benefit is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

a. Income from fees, Office for Students support and other charges for services

Fees receivable, Office for Students support and charges for services and use of the premises are recognised in the period in which the related service is provided.

Income from donations, grants and legacies

Donations and grants that do not impose specific future performance-related or other specific conditions are recognised on the date on which the charity has entitlement to the resource, the amount can be reliably measured and the economic benefit to the College of the donation or grant is probable. Donations and grants subject to performance-related conditions are recognised as and when those conditions are met. Donations and grants subject to other specific conditions are recognised as those conditions are met or

The Queen's College, Oxford Statement of Accounting Policies Year ended 31 July 2019

their fulfilment is wholly within the control of the College and it is probable that the specified conditions will be met.

Legacies are recognised following grant of probate and once the College has received sufficient information from the executor(s) of the deceased's estate to be satisfied that the gift can be reliably measured and that the economic benefit to the College is probable.

Donations, grants and legacies accruing for the general purposes of the College are credited to unrestricted funds.

Donations, grants and legacies-which are subject to conditions as to their use imposed by the donor or set by the terms of an appeal are credited to the relevant restricted fund or, where the donation, grant or legacy is required to be held as capital, to the endowment funds. Where donations are received in kind (as distinct from cash or other monetary assets), they are measured at the fair value of those assets at the date of the gift.

c. Investment income

Interest on bank balances is accounted for on an accrual basis with interest recognised in the period to which the interest relates.

Income from fixed interest debt securities is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

Dividend income and similar distributions are recognised on the date the share interest becomes exdividend or when the right to the dividend can be established.

Income from investment properties is recognised in the period to which the rental income relates.

5. Expenditure

Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis. A liability and related expenditure is recognised when a legal or constructive obligation commits the College to expenditure that will probably require settlement, the amount of which can be reliably measured or estimated.

Grants awarded that are not performance-related are charged as an expense as soon as a legal or constructive obligation for their payment arises. Grants subject to performance-related conditions are expensed as the specified conditions of the grant are met.

All expenditure including support costs and governance costs are allocated or apportioned to the applicable expenditure categories in the Statement of Financial Activities (the SoFA).

Support costs, which include governance costs (costs of complying with constitutional and statutory requirements) and other indirect costs, are apportioned to expenditure categories in the SoFA based on the estimated amount attributable to that activity in the year, either by reference to staff time or the use made of the underlying assets, as appropriate. Irrecoverable VAT is included with the item of expenditure to which it relates.

Intra-group sales and charges between the College and its subsidiaries are excluded from trading income and expenditure in the consolidated financial statements.

6. Leases

Leases of assets that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The costs of the assets held under finance leases are included within fixed assets and depreciation is charged over the shorter of the lease term and the assets' useful lives. Assets are assessed for impairment at each reporting date. The corresponding capital obligations under these leases are shown as liabilities and recognised at the lower of the fair value of the leased assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between capital repayment and finance charges in the SoFA so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Leases that do not transfer all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the SoFA on a straight line basis over the relevant lease terms. Any lease incentives are recognised over the lease term on a straight line basis.

7. Tangible fixed assets

Land is stated at cost. Buildings and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The Queen's College, Oxford Statement of Accounting Policies Year ended 31 July 2019

Expenditure on the acquisition or enhancement of land and on the acquisition, construction and enhancement of buildings which is directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use and amounting to more than £10,000 together with expenditure on equipment costing more than £10,000 is capitalised.

Where a part of a building or equipment is replaced and the costs capitalised, the carrying value of those parts replaced is derecognised and expensed in the SoFA.

Other expenditure on equipment incurred in the normal day-to-day running of the College and its subsidiaries is charged to the SoFA as incurred.

8. Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of all relevant tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, in equal annual instalments over their expected useful economic lives as follows:

Freehold properties, including major extensions 50 years

Leasehold properties 50 years or period of lease if shorter

Building improvements 10 - 50 years Equipment 4 - 10 years

Freehold land is not depreciated. The cost of maintenance is charged in the SoFA in the period in which it is incurred.

At the end of each reporting period, the residual values and useful lives of assets are reviewed and adjusted if necessary. In addition, if events or change in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable then the carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment.

9. Heritage Assets

The College has a number of assets, including items of art and historic texts that meet the definition of heritage assets under the SORP. The College has chosen to hold heritage assets at cost, but because of their age and in many cases unique nature, reliable historical cost information is not available for these assets and could not be obtained except at disproportionate expense. However, the depreciated historic cost of these items is considered to be now immaterial.

10. Investments

Investment properties are initially recognised at their cost and subsequently measured at their fair value (market value) at each reporting date. Purchases and sales of investment properties are recognised on exchange of contracts.

Listed investments are initially measured at their cost and subsequently measured at their fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is based on their quoted price at the balance sheet date without deduction of the estimated future selling costs.

Investments such as hedge funds and private equity funds which have no readily identifiable market value are initially measured at their costs and subsequently measured at their fair value at each reporting date without deduction of the estimated future selling costs. Fair value is based on the most recent valuations available from their respective fund managers.

Changes in fair value and gains and losses arising on the disposal of investments are credited or charged to the income or expenditure section of the SoFA as 'gains or losses on investments' and are allocated to the fund holding or disposing of the relevant investment.

11. Other financial instruments

a. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at banks and in hand and short term deposits with a maturity date of three months or less.

b. Debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors receivable or payable within one year of the reporting date are carried at their at transaction price. Debtors and creditors that are receivable or payable in more than one year (which are

The Queen's College, Oxford Statement of Accounting Policies Year ended 31 July 2019

not classified as concessionary loans) and not subject to a market rate of interest are measured at the present value of the expected future receipts or payment discounted at a market rate of interest.

12. Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, cost being the purchase price on a first in, first out basis.

13. Foreign currencies

The functional and presentation currency of the College and its subsidiaries is the pound sterling.

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies during the year are translated into pounds sterling using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into pounds sterling at the rates applying at the reporting date.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the exchange rates at the reporting date are recognised in the income and expenditure section of the SoFA except when deferred and initially credited or charged in 'other recognised gains and losses' as qualifying cash flow hedges.

14. 'Total return' investment accounting

The College's statutes authorise the College to adopt a 'total return' basis for the investment of its permanent endowment. The College can invest its permanent endowments without regard to the capital/income distinctions of standard trust law and with discretion to apply any part of the accumulated total return on the investment as income for spending each year. Until this power is exercised, the total return is accumulated as a component of the endowment known as the unapplied total return that can be either be retained for investment or release to income at the discretion of the Governing Body.

15. Fund accounting

The total funds of the College and its subsidiaries are allocated to unrestricted, restricted or endowment funds based on the terms set by the donors or set by the terms of an appeal. Endowment funds are further sub-divided into permanent and expendable.

Unrestricted funds can be used in furtherance of the objects of the College at the discretion of the Governing Body. The Governing Body may decide that part of the unrestricted funds shall be used in future for a specific purpose and this will be accounted for by transfers to appropriate designated funds.

Restricted funds comprise gifts, legacies and grants where the donors have specified that the funds are to be used for particular purposes of the College. They consist of *either* gifts where the donor has specified that both the capital and any income arising must be used for the purposes given *or* the income on gifts where the donor has required or permitted the capital to be maintained and with the intention that the income will be used for specific purposes within the College's objects.

Permanent endowment funds arise where donors specify that the funds are to be retained as capital for the permanent benefit of the College. Any part of the total return arising from the capital that is allocated to income will be accounted for as unrestricted funds unless the donor has placed restrictions on the use of that income, in which case it will be accounted for as a restricted fund.

Expendable endowment funds are similar to permanent endowment in that they have been given, or the College has determined based on the circumstances that they have been given, for the long term benefit of the College. However, the Governing Body may at their discretion determine to spend all or part of the capital.

16. Pension costs

The costs of retirement benefits provided to employees of the College through two multi-employer defined pension schemes are accounted for as if these were defined contribution schemes as information is not available to use defined benefit accounting in accordance with the requirements of FRS 102. The College's contributions to these schemes are recognised as a liability and an expense in the period in which the salaries to which the contributions relate are payable.

In addition, a liability is recognised at the balance sheet date for the discounted value of the expected future contribution payments under the agreements with these multi-employer schemes to fund the past service deficits.

The Queen's College, Oxford Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities For the year ended 31 July 2019

Notes							
Notes From From							2018
Charitable activities: 1							Tota
Charitable activities: 1 Teaching, research and residential 4,974 - - 4,974 Other trading income 3 672 - - 672 Donations and legacies 2 - 159 3,191 3,350 Investments Investment income 4 637 101 5,406 6,144 Total return allocated to income 14 6,874 1,352 (8,226) - Total income 5 5 5 5 5 Charitable activities: Teaching, research and residential 10,501 873 143 11,517 Generating funds: Fund-raising 114 - - 114 Trading expenditure 444 - - 444 Investment management costs 148 24 1,272 1,444 Total Expenditure 11,207 897 1,415 13,519 Net income before gains 19 266 (116)		Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Teaching, research and residential	INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM:						
Other trading income 3 672 - - 672 Donations and legacies 2 - 159 3,191 3,350 Investments Investment income 4 637 101 5,406 6,144 Total return allocated to income 14 6,874 1,352 (8,226) - Total income 14 6,874 1,352 (8,226) - Total income 14 6,874 1,352 (8,226) - Total income 13,157 1,612 371 15,140 EXPENDITURE ON: 5 Charitable activities: Teaching, research and residential 10,501 873 143 11,517 Generating funds: Fund-raising 114 - - 114 Trading expenditure 444 - - 444 Investment management costs 11,207 897 1,415 13,519 Net income before gains	Charitable activities:	1					
Donations and legacies 2	•		,	-	-	,	5,122
Investment income	Other trading income	3	672	-	-	672	596
Investment income	Donations and legacies	2	-	159	3,191	3,350	6,053
Total return allocated to income Total income 14 6,874 1,352 (8,226) - 13,157 1,612 371 15,140 EXPENDITURE ON: 5 Charitable activities: Teaching, research and residential 10,501 873 143 11,517 Generating funds: Fund-raising 114 - 1 114 144 144 144 144 144 144 144	Investments						
Total income 13,157 1,612 371 15,140	Investment income			101	5,406	6,144	5,767
EXPENDITURE ON: 5 Charitable activities: Teaching, research and residential 10,501 873 143 11,517 Generating funds: Fund-raising 114 - - 114 Trading expenditure 444 - - 444 Trading expenditure 148 24 1,272 1,444 Total Expenditure 11,207 897 1,415 13,519 Net income before gains 1,950 715 (1,044) 1,621 Net gains on investments 11, 12 1,339 306 11,381 13,026 Net income 3,289 1,021 10,337 14,647 Transfers between funds 19 266 (116) (150) - Net movement in funds for the year 3,555 905 10,187 14,647	Total return allocated to income	14				<u>-</u>	-
Charitable activities: Teaching, research and residential 10,501 873 143 11,517 Generating funds: Fund-raising 114 - 444 - 444 - 444 Trading expenditure 148 24 1,272 1,444 Investment management costs 11,207 897 1,415 13,519 Net income before gains 1,950 715 (1,044) 1,621 Net gains on investments 11, 12 1,339 306 11,381 13,026 Net income 3,289 1,021 10,337 14,647 Transfers between funds 19 266 (116) (150) - Net movement in funds for the year 3,555 905 10,187 14,647	Total income		13,157	1,612	371	15,140	17,538
Teaching, research and residential 10,501 873 143 11,517 Generating funds:	EXPENDITURE ON:	5					
Generating funds: Fund-raising 114 - - 114 Trading expenditure 444 - - 444 Investment management costs 148 24 1,272 1,444 Total Expenditure 11,207 897 1,415 13,519 Net income before gains 1,950 715 (1,044) 1,621 Net gains on investments 11, 12 1,339 306 11,381 13,026 Net income 3,289 1,021 10,337 14,647 Transfers between funds 19 266 (116) (150) - Net movement in funds for the year 3,555 905 10,187 14,647	Charitable activities:						
Fund-raising 114 - - 114 Trading expenditure 444 - - 444 Investment management costs 148 24 1,272 1,444 Total Expenditure 11,207 897 1,415 13,519 Net income before gains 1,950 715 (1,044) 1,621 Net gains on investments 11, 12 1,339 306 11,381 13,026 Net income 3,289 1,021 10,337 14,647 Transfers between funds 19 266 (116) (150) - Net movement in funds for the year 3,555 905 10,187 14,647	Teaching, research and residential		10,501	873	143	11,517	9,717
Trading expenditure Investment management costs 444 - - 444 Investment management costs - 444 Investment management costs 1,444 Investment management costs 1,444 Investment management costs 1,444 Investment management costs 1,444 Investment management costs 1,445 Investment management costs 1,445 Investment management costs 1,445 Investment management costs 1,445 Investment management costs 1,444 Investment costs <th< td=""><td>Generating funds:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	Generating funds:						
Investment management costs 148 24 1,272 1,444	Fund-raising		114	-	-	114	128
Total Expenditure 11,207 897 1,415 13,519 Net income before gains 1,950 715 (1,044) 1,621 Net gains on investments 11, 12 1,339 306 11,381 13,026 Net income 3,289 1,021 10,337 14,647 Transfers between funds 19 266 (116) (150) - Net movement in funds for the year 3,555 905 10,187 14,647	Trading expenditure		444	-	-	444	401
Net income before gains 1,950 715 (1,044) 1,621 Net gains on investments 11, 12 1,339 306 11,381 13,026 Net income 3,289 1,021 10,337 14,647 Transfers between funds 19 266 (116) (150) - Net movement in funds for the year 3,555 905 10,187 14,647	Investment management costs		148	24	1,272	1,444	1,346
Net gains on investments 11, 12 1,339 306 11,381 13,026 Net income 3,289 1,021 10,337 14,647 Transfers between funds 19 266 (116) (150) - Net movement in funds for the year 3,555 905 10,187 14,647	Total Expenditure		11,207	897	1,415	13,519	11,592
Net income 3,289 1,021 10,337 14,647 Transfers between funds 19 266 (116) (150) - Net movement in funds for the year 3,555 905 10,187 14,647	Net income before gains		1,950	715	(1,044)	1,621	5,946
Transfers between funds 19 266 (116) (150) - Net movement in funds for the year 3,555 905 10,187 14,647	Net gains on investments	11, 12	1,339	306	11,381	13,026	33,072
Net movement in funds for the year 3,555 905 10,187 14,647	Net income		3,289	1,021	10,337	14,647	39,018
	Transfers between funds	19	266	(116)	(150)	-	-
Fund balances brought forward 19 69,000 8,445 290,606 368,051	Net movement in funds for the year		3,555	905	10,187	14,647	39,018
	Fund balances brought forward	19	69,000	8,445	290,606	368,051	329,033
Funds carried forward at 31 July 72,555 9,350 300,793 382,698	Funds carried forward at 31 July		72,555	9,350	300,793	382,698	368,051

The Queen's College, Oxford Consolidated and College Balance Sheets As at 31 July 2019

		2019 Group	2018 Group	2019 College	2018 College
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	9	33,981	34,465	33,981	34,465
Heritage assets	10 11	-	-	-	- 04 464
Property investments Other investments	12	91,419 258,897	91,464 246,281	91,419 258,897	91,464 246,281
Total fixed assets	_	384,297	372,210	384,297	372,210
Total fixed assets	_	364,291	372,210	364,291	3/2,210
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		410	413	410	413
Debtors	15	1,218	1,617	1,104	1,465
Cash at bank and in hand		35,482	31,673	35,481	31,495
Total current assets		37,110	33,703	36,995	33,373
LIABILITIES					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	1,602	1,822	1,729	1,719
NET CURRENT ASSETS	_	35,508	31,881	35,266	31,654
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		419,805	404,091	419,563	403,864
CREDITORS: falling due after more than one year	17	34,840	34,830	34,840	34,830
NET ASSETS BEFORE PENSION LIABILITY	_	384,965	369,261	384,723	369,034
Defined benefit pension scheme liability	23	2,267	1,210	2,267	1,210
TOTAL NET ASSETS	_ _	382,698	368,051	382,456	367,824
FUNDS OF THE COLLEGE					
Endowment funds	19	300,793	290,606	300,793	290,606
Restricted funds	19	9,350	8,445	9,350	8,445
Unrestricted funds	19				
Designated funds	-	65,440	61,897	65,440	61,897
General funds		7,115	7,103	6,873	6,876
		382,698	368,051		

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Governing Body of The Queen's College, Oxford on 4 December 2019

Trustee:

Trustee:

The Queen's College, Oxford Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 31 July 2019

		2019	2018
	Notes	£'000	£'000
Net cash used in operating activities	26	(5,674)	(5,110)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Dividends, interest and rents from investments Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment	4	6,144	5,767
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	9	(307)	(4,050)
Proceeds from sale of investments	11, 12	455	80,275
Purchase of investments		-	(73,585)
Net cash provided by investing activities		6,292	8,407
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayments of borrowing		-	(8,000)
Cash inflows from new borrowing		-	7,971
Receipt of endowment	2	3,191	5,939
Net cash provided by financing activities		3,191	5,910
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting po	eriod	3,809	9,207
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		31,673	22,466
Oach and each aminolante at the and of the arrangement			
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	27	35,482	31,673

1 INCOME FROM CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES

Teaching, research and residential	2019 £'000	2018 £'000
Unrestricted funds		
Tuition fees - UK and EU students	1,406	1,396
Tuition fees - overseas students	730	658
Other Office for Students support	232	247
Other academic income	91	309
College residential income	2,515	2,512
Total teaching, research and residential	4,974	5,122
Total income from charitable activities	4,974	5,122

The above analysis includes £1,618k received from the University of Oxford from publicly accountable funds under the CFF scheme (2018: £1,587k).

Under the terms of the undergraduate student support package offered by the University of Oxford to students from lower income households, the College share of the fees waived amounted to £6k (2018: £19k). These are not included in the fee income reported above.

2 DONATIONS AND LEGACIES

Food (proces) Restricted funds 159 114 5.93 1.53 5.93 1.53 5.93 5.93 5.93 5.93 5.93 5.93 5.93 5.93 5.93 5.93 5.93 5.93 5.93 5.93 7.93 2019 2018 2019 2018 6.00			2019	2018
Restricted funds 159 114 Endowed funds 3,191 5,339 3 INCOME FROM OTHER TRADING ACTIVITIES 2019 2018 \$100 \$2019 2018 \$100 \$2000 \$300 \$2019 \$2018 \$100 \$2000 \$2000 ***********************************			£'000	£'000
Endowed funds 3,191 5,336 INCOME FROM OTHER TRADING ACTIVITIES 2019 2018 £ 7000 2019 2018 £ 7000 £ 7000 £ 7000 Subsidiary company trading income 672 596 4 INVESTMENT INCOME 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2010 201				
NCOME FROM OTHER TRADING ACTIVITIES 2019 2018 2000				
NICOME FROM OTHER TRADING ACTIVITIES 2019 2018 2000 200		Endowed funds		
Subsidiary company trading income 2019 £7000 20100 £7000 4 INVESTMENT INCOME 672 596 4 INVESTMENT INCOME 2019 £7000 2018 £7000 2019 £7000 2018 £7000 20000 Unrestricted funds 65 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 2000 2019 £700			3,350	6,053
Subsidiary company trading income 2019 £7000 20100 £7000 4 INVESTMENT INCOME 672 596 4 INVESTMENT INCOME 2019 £7000 2018 £7000 2019 £7000 2018 £7000 20000 Unrestricted funds 65 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 2000 2019 £700	•	INCOME FROM OTHER TRADING ACTIVITIES		
Subsidiary company trading income £ 7000 £ 7000 4 INVESTMENT INCOME 2019 £ 7000 Unrestricted funds 2019 £ 7000 Agricultural rent 65 5 5 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	3	INCOME FROM OTHER TRADING ACTIVITIES	2010	2019
Subsidiary company trading income 672 596 4 INVESTMENT INCOME 2019 2018 2019 2018 2000 E0000				
NVESTMENT INCOME 2019 2018 2019 2018 2010 20			2 000	£ 000
Variety Vari		Subsidiary company trading income	672	596
Variety Vari			672	506
Unrestricted funds 2019 £'000 2010 €'000 Unrestricted funds Sequicultural rent 65 56 Commercial rent 322 292 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 4 637 553 553 553 553 553 82 83 34 30 30 34 30 30 34			072	390
Unrestricted funds 2019 £'000 2010 €'000 Unrestricted funds Sequicultural rent 65 56 Commercial rent 322 292 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 4 637 553 553 553 553 553 82 83 34 30 30 34 30 30 34	4	INVESTMENT INCOME		
£'000 Unrestricted funds Agricultural rent 65 56 Commercial rent 322 292 Equity dividends 240 201 Bank interest 10 4 Agricultural rent 10 10 Commercial rent 51 50 Equity dividends 38 34 Bank interest 2 1 Endowed funds 2 1 Agricultural rent 551 522 Commercial rent 2,736 2,702 Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119	7	IIVESTMENT INSOME	2019	2018
Unrestricted funds Agricultural rent 65 56 Commercial rent 322 292 Equity dividends 240 201 Bank interest 10 4 Restricted funds Agricultural rent 10 10 Commercial rent 51 50 Equity dividends 38 34 Bank interest 2 1 Endowed funds 2 1 Agricultural rent 551 522 Commercial rent 2,736 2,702 Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119				
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Equity dividends 240 201 Bank interest 10 4 637 553 Restricted funds Agricultural rent 10 10 Commercial rent 51 50 Equity dividends 38 34 Bank interest 2 1 Endowed funds 2 1 Agricultural rent 551 522 Commercial rent 2,736 2,702 Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119		Agricultural rent	65	56
Bank interest 10 4 637 553 Restricted funds 3 Agricultural rent 10 10 Commercial rent 51 50 Equity dividends 38 34 Bank interest 2 1 Endowed funds 2 1 Agricultural rent 551 522 Commercial rent 2,736 2,702 Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119		Commercial rent	322	292
Restricted funds Agricultural rent 10 10 Commercial rent 51 50 Equity dividends 38 34 Bank interest 2 1 Interest 101 95 Endowed funds 551 522 Commercial rent 2,736 2,702 Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119		Equity dividends	240	201
Restricted funds Agricultural rent 10 10 Commercial rent 51 50 Equity dividends 38 34 Bank interest 2 1 101 95 Endowed funds 551 522 Commercial rent 2,736 2,702 Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119		Bank interest		
Agricultural rent 10 10 Commercial rent 51 50 Equity dividends 38 34 Bank interest 2 1 101 95 Endowed funds 8 Agricultural rent 551 522 Commercial rent 2,736 2,702 Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119			637	553
Agricultural rent 10 10 Commercial rent 51 50 Equity dividends 38 34 Bank interest 2 1 101 95 Endowed funds 8 Agricultural rent 551 522 Commercial rent 2,736 2,702 Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119		Contributed from the		
Commercial rent 51 50 Equity dividends 38 34 Bank interest 2 1 101 95 Endowed funds 551 522 Agricultural rent 2,736 2,702 Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119			10	10
Equity dividends 38 34 Bank interest 2 1 101 95 Endowed funds 551 522 Agricultural rent 551 522 Commercial rent 2,736 2,702 Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119				
Bank interest 2 101 1 295 Endowed funds 551 522 Agricultural rent 551 522 Commercial rent 2,736 2,702 Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119				
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Endowed funds 551 522 Agricultural rent 551 522 Commercial rent 2,736 2,702 Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119		pariv illiciest	101	
Agricultural rent 551 522 Commercial rent 2,736 2,702 Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119				
Agricultural rent 551 522 Commercial rent 2,736 2,702 Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119		Endowed funds		
Commercial rent 2,736 2,702 Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119			551	522
Equity dividends 2,037 1,855 Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119			2,736	2,702
Bank interest 82 40 5,406 5,119				
5,406 5,119				
Total Investment income				
Total Investment income 6,144 5,767				
		Total Investment income	6,144	5,767

5

ANALYSIS OF EXPENDITURE		
	2019 £'000	201 £'00
Charitable expenditure		
Direct staff costs allocated to:		
Teaching, research and residential	6,286	4,848
Other direct costs allocated to:		
Teaching, research and residential	3,683	3,354
Support and governance costs allocated to:		
Teaching, research and residential	1,548	1,515
Total charitable expenditure	11,517	9,717
Expenditure on generating funds		
Direct staff costs allocated to:		
Fund-raising	77	94
Trading expenditure	98	90
Other direct costs allocated to:		
Fund-raising	37	34
Trading expenditure	274	240
Investment management costs	244	229
Support and governance costs allocated to:		
Trading expenditure	72	7
Investment management costs	1,200	1,117
Total expenditure on generating funds	2,002	1,87
Total expenditure	13,519	11,59

The 2018 expenditure of £11,592k represented £9,477k from unrestricted funds, £801k from restricted funds and £1,314k from endowed funds.

The College is liable to be assessed for Contribution under the provisions of Statute XV of the University of Oxford. The Contribution Fund is used to make grants and loans to colleges on the basis of need. Contributions are calculated annually in accordance with regulations made by the Council of the University of Oxford.

The teaching and research costs include College Contribution payable of £240k (2018 - £3k).

6 ANALYSIS OF SUPPORT AND GOVERNANCE COSTS

	Generating Funds £'000	Teaching and Research £'000	2019 Total £'000
Financial administration Human resources IT Depreciation Loan interest payable Other finance charges Governance costs	358 - 30 - 884 -	471 76 175 791 - 15 20	829 76 205 791 884 15
	1,272	1,548	2,820
	Generating Funds £'000	Teaching and Research £'000	2018 Total £'000
Financial administration Human resources IT Depreciation Loan interest payable Other finance charges Governance costs	332 - 30 - 826 -	449 75 177 771 - 25 18	781 75 207 771 826 25 18
	1,188	1,515	2,703

Financial and domestic administration, IT and human resources costs are attributed according to the estimated staff time spent on each activity. Depreciation costs and profit or loss on disposal of fixed assets are attributed according to the use made of the underlying assets.

Interest and other finance charges are attributed according to the purpose of the related financing. Governance costs are allocated to teaching and research.

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Governance costs comprise:		
Auditor's remuneration - audit services	20	18
	20	18

No amount has been included in governance costs for the direct employment costs or reimbursed expenses of the College Fellows on the basis that these payments relate to the Fellows' involvement in the College's charitable activities. Details of the remuneration of the Fellows and their reimbursed expenses are included as a separate note within these financial statements.

7

During the year the College funded research awards and bursaries to students from its restricted and unrestricted funds as follows: Unrestricted funds Grants to individuals: Scholarships, prizes and grants	2018 £'000
Unrestricted funds Grants to individuals: Scholarships, prizes and grants Bursaries and hardship awards Graduate studentships Total unrestricted Restricted funds Grants to individuals: Scholarships, prizes and grants Bursaries and hardship awards 63 Bursaries and hardship awards Bursaries and hardship awards Graduate studentships 159	
Grants to individuals: Scholarships, prizes and grants Bursaries and hardship awards Graduate studentships Total unrestricted Restricted funds Grants to individuals: Scholarships, prizes and grants Bursaries and hardship awards Graduate studentships 63 Bursaries and hardship awards Graduate studentships 159	
Scholarships, prizes and grants Bursaries and hardship awards Graduate studentships Total unrestricted Restricted funds Grants to individuals: Scholarships, prizes and grants Bursaries and hardship awards Graduate studentships 63 Bursaries and hardship awards Graduate studentships 159	
Bursaries and hardship awards Graduate studentships 71 Total unrestricted Restricted funds Grants to individuals: Scholarships, prizes and grants Bursaries and hardship awards Graduate studentships 114 Graduate studentships	
Graduate studentships Total unrestricted Restricted funds Grants to individuals: Scholarships, prizes and grants Bursaries and hardship awards Graduate studentships 14 Graduate studentships	71
Total unrestricted Restricted funds Grants to individuals: Scholarships, prizes and grants Bursaries and hardship awards Graduate studentships 14 Graduate studentships	97
Restricted funds Grants to individuals: Scholarships, prizes and grants Bursaries and hardship awards Graduate studentships 159	42
Grants to individuals: Scholarships, prizes and grants Bursaries and hardship awards Graduate studentships 63 14 Graduate studentships	210
Scholarships, prizes and grants Bursaries and hardship awards Graduate studentships 63 14 Graduate studentships	
Bursaries and hardship awards 14 Graduate studentships	
Bursaries and hardship awards 14 Graduate studentships	52
	6
Total restricted 236	136
	194
Total grants and awards 467	404

The figure included above represents the cost to the College of the Oxford Bursary scheme. Students of this college received £119k (2018: £126k). Some of those students also received fee waivers amounting to £29k (2018: £54k).

The above costs are included within the charitable expenditure on teaching and research.

The Queen's College, Oxford Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 July 2019

8

STAFF COSTS	0040	0040
The aggregate staff costs for the y	year were as follows. 2019 £'000	2018 £'000
Salaries and wages Social security costs	5,026 415	4,795 423
Pension costs:	413	423
Defined benefit schemes (Note	23) 1,750	569
Other benefits	63	41
	7,254	5,828
	es of the College, excluding trustees,	
on a full time equivalent basis was	s as follows. 2019	2018
Tuition and research	42	32
College residential	81	73
Fundraising	3	4
Support	34	35
Total		144
The average number of employed	College trustees during the year was as follows.	
Associate Professor TF Univers	sity and non-TF 19	18
Associate Professor TF College	9	10
Other teaching and research	1	1
Other	2	2
Total	31	31
•	to the employees of the College excluding the College trustees. Details of the remuneration and reimbursed expenses of note in these financial statements.	of the College
The number of employees (excluding within the following bands was:	ding the College trustees) during the year whose gross pay and benefits (excluding employer NI and pension contribution	ons) fell
£60,001-£70,000	2	4
£70,001-£80,000		

Termination payments totalling £60k were incurred during the year.

In defined benefits schemes

The number of the above employees with retirement benefits accruing was as follows:

3

4

9

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Freehold Fixtures, land and fittings and buildings Total equipment £'000 £'000 £'000 Cost At start of year 41,181 116 41,297 Additions 265 42 307 Disposals 158 41,604 At end of year 41,446 Depreciation and impairment At start of year 6,796 36 6,832 Depreciation charge for the year 760 31 791 Depreciation on disposals At end of year 7,556 67 7,623 Net book value At end of year 33,890 91 33,981 At start of year 34,385 80 34,465 College Freehold Fixtures, land and fittings and equipment buildings Total £'000 £'000 £'000 Cost At start of year 41,181 116 41,297 Additions 42 265 307 Disposals 41.446 158 41,604 At end of year Depreciation and impairment At start of year 6,796 36 6,832 Charge for the year 760 31 791 On disposals At end of year 7,556 7,623 67 Net book value At end of year 33,890 91 33,981 34,385 At start of year 80 34,465

The College has long-held historic assets which are used in the course of the College's teaching and research activities. These principally comprise the listed buildings on the College site. Because of their age and, in many cases, unique nature, reliable historical cost information is not available for these assets and could not be obtained except at disproportionate expense. In the opinion of the trustees the depreciated historical cost of these assets is now immaterial.

10 HERITAGE ASSETS

The College has long-held heritage assets. These comprise works of art, ancient books and manuscripts and other treasured artefacts. Because of their age and, in many cases, unique nature, reliable historical cost information is not available for these assets and could not be obtained except at disproportionate expense. In the opinion of the trustees the depreciated historical cost of these assets is now immaterial.

There have been no material acquisitions or disposals of heritage assets in recent years and there is no standing policy to acquire or dispose of such assets. Heritage assets are conserved and managed by College officers and relevant members of staff, who take external professional advice when judged necessary. The College maintains catalogues of its heritage assets. Access to heritage assets, subject to risk assessment, is granted to those for whom they are the necessary subject of legitimate academic research.

11

PROPERTY INVESTMENTS 2019 2018 Agricultural Commercial Other Total Total £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 Valuation at start of year 44,570 46,030 864 91,464 81,799 Additions and improvements at cost 5,505 Disposals (272)2 (270) (10,573)Revaluation gains/(losses) in the year 319 70 (164) 225 14,733 Valuation at end of year 44,617 46,100 702 91,419 91,464 2019 2018 College Agricultural Commercial Other Total Total £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 Valuation at start of year 44,570 46,030 864 91,464 81,799 5,505 Additions and improvements at cost Disposals (272)2 (270) (10,573)Revaluation gains/(losses) in the year 319 70 (164) 225 14,733 Valuation at end of year 44,617 46,100 702 91,419 91,464

A formal valuation of the agricultural properties was prepared by Savills as at 31 July 2018 and updated as at 31 July 2019.

A formal valuation of the commercial and other properties was prepared by Lambert Smith Hampton as at 31 July 2018 and updated as at 31 July 2019.

12 OTHER INVESTMENTS

All investments are held at fair value.

Group investments	2019 £'000	2018 £'000
Valuation at start of year	246,281	229,564
New money invested		68,080
Amounts withdrawn	(185)	(69,702)
Increase in value of investments	12,801	18,339
Group investments at end of year	258,897	246,281
College investments at end of year	258,897	246,281
Group investments comprise:	2019 Total £'000	2018 Total £'000
Equity investments	224,896	213,303
Alternative and other investments	34,001	32,978
Total group investments	258,897	246,281

13 PARENT AND SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

The College holds 100% of the issued share capital in The Queen's College Oxford Trading Limited ("QCOTL"), a company providing letting of the College facilities for conference and other events when not in use by the College, and 100% of the issued share capital in The Queen's College Oxford Developments Limited ("QCODL"), a company providing design and development services in respect of the College's buildings.

The results and the assets and liabilities of the parent and subsidiaries at the year end were as follows:

	Parent College £'000	QCOTL £'000	QCODL £'000
Income	14,460	672	8
Expenditure	(13,082)	(427)	(10)
Donation to College under gift aid	227	(223)	(4)
Investment gains	13,026	-	-
Net income for the year	14,631	22	(6)
Total assets	421,292	333	-
Total liabilities	(38,836)	(89)	(2)
Net funds at the end of year	382,456	244	(2)

14 STATEMENT OF INVESTMENT TOTAL RETURN

The trustees have adopted a duly authorised policy of total return accounting for the College investment returns with effect from 1 August 2002. The investment return to be applied as income is based on the return on the classes of investments held and the average of the year-end values of the relevant investments in each of the last five years, adjusted for inflation. The preserved (frozen) value of the invested endowment capital represents its open-market value in 2002 together with all subsequent endowments valued at date of gift.

	Pe	rmanent endowment Unapplied		Expendable endowment	Total endowments
	Trust for	total			
	investment	return	Total		
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
At the beginning of the year:					
Gift component of the permanent endowment	84,675		84,675		84,675
Unapplied total return		185,377	185,377		185,377
Expendable endowment				20,554	20,554
Total endowments	84,675	185,377	270,052	20,554	290,606
Movements in the reporting period:					
Gift of endowment funds	2,233		2,233	958	3,191
Investment return: total investment income	·	5,019	5,019	387	5,406
Investment return: realised and unrealised gains and losses		10,553	10,553	828	11,381
Less: investment management costs		(1,181)	(1,181)	(91)	(1,272)
Other transfers			-	(293)	(293)
Total	2,233	14,391	16,624	1,789	18,413
Unapplied total return allocated to income in the reporting period Expendable endowments transferred to income		(7,756)	(7,756)	(470)	(8,226)
Experioable disconnection to the annual to t	-	(7,756)	(7,756)	(470)	(8,226)
Net movements in reporting period	2,233	6,635	8,868	1,319	10,187
At end of the reporting period:			-		
Gift component of the permanent endowment	86,908	-	86,908		86,908
Unapplied total return		192,012	192,012		192,012
Expendable endowment				21,873	21,873
Total endowments	86,908	192,012	278,920	21,873	300,793

15	DEBTORS				
		2019	2018	2019	2018
		Group	Group	College	College
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Amounts falling due within one year:				
	Trade debtors	519	652	405	500
	Amounts owed by College members	122	178	122	178
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	-	-
	Loans repayable within one year	56	61	56	61
	Prepayments and accrued income	56	168	56	168
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:				
	Loans	465	558	465	558
		1,218	1,617	1,104	1,465
16	CREDITORS: falling due within one year				
		2019	2018	2019	2018
		Group	Group	College	College
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Trade creditors	205	230	205	230
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	218	142
	Taxation and social security	98	285	57	211
	College contribution	240	-	240	-
	Accruals and deferred income	623	645	573	473
	Other creditors	436	662	436	663
		1,602	1,822	1,729	1,719
17	CREDITORS: falling due after more than one year				
		2019	2018	2019	2018
		Group	Group	College	College
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Bank loans	14,983	14,978	14,983	14,978
	Senior notes	19,857	19,852	19,857	19,852
		34,840	34,830	34,840	34,830

The bank loans and senior notes are unsecured.

18 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

There are no provisions for liabilities and charges requiring disclosure.

A loan for £8m was arranged and drawn down in November 2017. This is due for repayment in 2022.

A second bank loan for £7m is due for repayment in 2038.

On 24 September 2015 the College issued £20m of senior notes, with a coupon of 3.41% payable semi-annually in arrears, maturing on 24 September 2045. The fees for the notes are being amortised over the term of the notes.

All loans are included at amortised cost as they are classified as basic financial instruments.

19	ANALYSIS OF MOVEMENTS ON FUNDS						
		At 1 August					At 31 July
		2018	Income	Expenditure	Transfers	Gains	2019
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Endowment funds - permanent						
	Corpus permanent endowment	189,320	3,489	(822)	(5,392)	7,340	193,935
	Endowment funds	24,002	2,716	(114)	(749)	1,019	26,874
	Trusts within College objects	56,463	1,041	(245)	(1,608)	2,187	57,838
	Trusts outside College objects	267	5	(1)	(8)	10	273
	Endowment funds - expendable						
	Corpus expendable endowment	14,091	260	(112)	(350)	546	14,435
	Donations fund	2,478	1,012	(15)	(244)	125	3,356
	Pension fund	3,985	74	(106)	(25)	154	4,082
	Total endowment funds	290,606	8,597	(1,415)	(8,376)	11,381	300,793
	Restricted funds						
	Trusts within College objects	3,904	72	(427)	595	151	4,295
	Trusts outside College objects	164	3	(1)	8	5	179
	Endowment funds	626		(429)	766	15	978
	Specific funds	1,325	185	(40)	(133)	57	1,394
	Specific balances	2,426				78	2,504
	Total restricted funds	8,445	260	(897)	1,236	306	9,350
	Unrestricted funds						
	General funds	6,876	5,097	(8,683)	3,307	276	6,873
	Fixed assets reserve	34,465		(791)	307		33,981
	Building fund	27,432	506	(1,068)	3,526	1,063	31,459
	Total unrestricted funds	68,773	5,603	(10,542)	7,140	1,339	72,313
	Unrestricted funds held by subsidiaries	227	680	(665)	-	-	242
	Total unrestricted funds - group	69,000	6,283	(11,207)	7,140	1,339	72,555
	Total funds	368,051	15,140	(13,519)	-	13,026	382,698

FUNDS OF THE COLLEGE DETAILS 20

The following is a summary of the origins and purposes of each of the funds:

Endowment funds:

Permanent

Corpus permanent endowment A consolidation of gifts and donations where income, but not capital, can be used for the general

purposes of the College

Endowment funds A consolidation of gifts and donations whose donor has specified that income but not capital may only be used for particular purposes within the College objects

Trusts within College objects Capital element of gifts and donations held in formal trusts where income but not capital may be used for particular purposes within the College objects

Capital element of gifts and donations held in formal trusts where income but not capital may be used for Trusts outside College objects

particular purposes falling outside College objects Expendable

Corpus expendable endowment A consolidation of gifts and donations where either income, or income and capital, can be used for the

general purposes of the College, but will normally be held for the long term

Donations fund A consolidation of gifts and donations where either income, or income and capital, can be used for the general purposes of the College, but will normally be held for the long term. During this year a transfer out was made in respect of the extension to the library and the purchase and refurbishment of a house to be

used as a student residence. This transfer is reflected in the fixed assets reserve A fund held for the payment of certain pensions where income and capital can be used for the purpose

but will normally be held for the long term

Restricted funds:

Pension fund

Trusts within College objects Accumulated income from gifts and donations held in formal trusts which may be used for particular purposes within the College objects

Trusts outside College objects Accumulated income from gifts and donations held in formal trusts which may be used for particular purposes outside the College objects

Endowment funds

Accumulated income from gifts and donations whose donor has specified that income but not capital may only be used for particular purposes within the College objects

A consolidation of gifts and donations where the donor has specified they may only be used for particular

Specific funds purposes within the College objects

A consolidation of gifts and donations where the donor has specified they may only be used for particular

purposes within the College objects and where the investment is held in particular assets specified by the

donor

Unrestricted funds:

Specific balances

General funds General unrestricted funds represent accumulated income from the College's activities and other sources

that are available for the general purposes of the College

Fixed assets reserve

An allocation from general funds to represent the accumulated net book value of the College fixed assets

Designated funds Building fund

Unrestricted funds allocated by the Fellows for the future costs of maintenance and refurbishment of

College buildings

ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS 21

ANALISIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN TONDS				
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Endowment	2019
	funds	funds	funds	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Tangible fixed assets	33,981	-	-	33,981
Property investments	1,557	2,000	87,862	91,419
Other investments	4,369	8,112	246,416	258,897
Net current assets	35,508	-	-	35,508
Long-term liabilities	(2,860)	(762)	(33,485)	(37,107)
	72,555	9,350	300,793	382,698
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Endowment	2018
	funds	funds	funds	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Tangible fixed assets	34,465	-	-	34,465
Property investments	1,176	1,832	88,456	91,464
Other investments	3,135	7,311	235,835	246,281
Net current assets	31,881	-	-	31,881
Long-term liabilities	(1,657)	(698)	(33,685)	(36,040)
	69,000	8,445	290,606	368,051

22 TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION

The trustees of the College comprise the Governing Body, primarily Fellows who are teaching and research employees of the College and who sit on Governing Body by virtue of their employment.

No trustee receives any remuneration for acting as a trustee. However, those trustees who are also employees of the College receive salaries for their work as employees. Where possible, these salaries are paid on external scales and often are joint arrangements with the University of Oxford.

The Remuneration Committee meets to consider remuneration of members of the Governing Body. The Committee consists of six members elected by the Governing Body from among the Honorary, Emeritus and Professorial Fellows, and Old Members of the College who are not members of the Governing Body. It has been attended by the Provost and Dr R B Nickerson, who acts as secretary. No voting member of the Committee may draw a stipend or any other form of benefit from the College.

Trustees comprise Fellows holding University Lecturerships or statutory professorial chairs, and such other Fellows of the College as the Governing Body deems appropriate on the basis of the Statutes.

There were two trustees, Prof P A Madden (Provost) and Dr A Timms (Bursar), who worked full-time on management.

Some trustees are eligible for College housing schemes. Some may be eligible for a housing allowance which is disclosed within the salary figures below. Nine trustees live in houses partly funded by loans from the College. Details of these loans are disclosed in note 30.

Some trustees receive additional allowances for additional work carried out as part-time College officers. These amounts are included within the remuneration figures below

Remuneration paid to trustees

		2019		2018
	G	ross remuneration, taxable		Gross remuneration, taxable
	Number of	benefits and pension	Number of	benefits and pension
Range	trustees	contributions	trustees	contributions
		£		£
£1 - £4,999	1	3,775	1	3,719
£5,000 - £9,999	4	29,142	3	21,175
£10,000 - £14,999	1	13,777	1	13,060
£30,000 - £34,999	7	236,102	8	270,221
£35,000 - £39,999	6	215,148	4	142,085
£40,000 - £44,999	2	85,732	2	85,191
£50,000 - £54,999	0	0	1	54,893
£55,000 - £59,999	2	116,088	2	115,771
£60,000 - £64,999	2	124,817	1	63,303
£65,000 - £69,999	2	133,045	3	196,753
£70,000 - £74,999	2	144,086	2	144,911
£75,000 - £79,999	1	78,783	0	0
£80,000 - £84,999	0	0	1	82,269
£100,000 - £104,999	0	0	1	102,235
£105,000 - £109,999	1	109,060	0	0
£115,000 - £119,999	0	0	1	117,550
£120,000 - £124,999	1	120,126	0	0
Total	32	1,409,681	31	1,413,136

6 (2018: 6) trustees are not employees of the College and do not receive remuneration.

All trustees may eat at common table, as can all other employees who are entitled to meals while working.

Other transactions with trustees

No trustee claimed expenses for any work performed in discharge of duties as a trustee.

See also note 30 (Related Party Transactions).

Key management remuneration

The total remuneration paid to key management personnel, including Employers National Insurance, was £1,537k (2018: £1,544k).

Under the terms of the Charities SORP all trustees are regarded as key management personnel. Their names and roles are detailed on pages 2 and 3 of this report.

The Queen's College, Oxford Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 July 2019

23 PENSION SCHEMES

The College participates in the Universities Superannuation Scheme ("USS") and the University of Oxford Staff Pension Scheme ("OSPS") on behalf of its staff. The assets of the schemes are each held in separate trustee-administered funds. Both schemes are contributory mixed benefit schemes (i.e. they provide benefits on a defined benefit basis - based on length of service and pensionable salary and on a defined contribution basis - based on contributions into the scheme).

Both schemes are multi-employer schemes and the College is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of each scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis. Therefore, in accordance with FRS 102 paragraph 28.11, the College accounts for both schemes as if they were defined contribution schemes. As a result, the amount charged to the Income and Expenditure Account represents the contributions payable to the schemes in respect of the accounting period. In the event of the withdrawal of any of the participating employers in USS, the amount of any pension funding shortfall (which cannot be otherwise recovered) in respect of that employer will be spread across the remaining participating employers and reflected in the next actuarial valuation of the scheme. However, in OSPS the amount of any pension funding shortfall in respect of any withdrawing participating employer will be charged to that employer.

Both schemes have put in place agreements for additional contributions to fund their past service deficits. In accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 the College has recognised a liability for the future contributions that it estimates will be payable as a result of these deficit funding agreements.

Universities Superannuation Scheme

The pension charge for the year includes £1,360,000 (2018 - £329,000) in relation to the USS. This represents contributions of £382,000 payable to the USS as adjusted by the change in the deficit funding liability between the opening and closing balance sheet dates of £978,000.

USS's actuarial valuation as at 31 March 2017 takes into account the revised benefit structure effective 1 April 2016 agreed both by the Joint Negotiating Committee and the Trustee in July 2015 following the Employers' consultation which concluded in June 2015. Key changes agreed include: for Final Salary section members, the benefits built up to 31 March 2016 were calculated as at that date using pensionable salary and pensionable service immediately prior to that date and going forwards will be revalued in line with increases in official pensions (currently CPI); all members accrue a pension of 1/75th and a cash lump sum of 3/75ths of salary each year of service in respect of salary up to a salary threshold, initially £55,000 p.a., with the threshold applying from 1 October 2016; member contributions were 8% of salary but will increase in stages from 1 April 2019 to a level of 11.7% from 1 April 2020; a defined contribution benefit for salary above the salary threshold at the total level of 20% of salary in excess of the salary threshold. Further details about the benefits may be reviewed on USS' website, www.uss.co.uk. For the period up to 1 April 2016 the employer deficit contribution was 0.7% p.a. of salaries based on the assumptions made. After allowing for those changes, the actuary established a long term employer contribution rate of 18% pa of salaries for the period from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2019, 19.5% from 1 April to 30 September 2019, 22.5% from 1 October 2019 to 31 March 2020 and a long-term rate of 24.2%. On the assumptions made and with the salary threshold and defined contribution section implemented this gives rise to deficit contributions of at least 5% p.a of salaries from 1 April 2020. At 31 March 2019 USS reported that the estimated funding deficit was £5.7 bn (92% funded).

A provision of £1,519,000 has been made at 31 July 2019 (2018 - £540,000) for the present value of the estimated future deficit funding element of the contributions payable under this agreement. In determining the level of this provision it has been assumed that the College will continue to have a constant level of employee participation in this scheme and that the relevant earnings of these employees will increase in line with the actuary's projected long-term salary rate increases.

A copy of the full actuarial valuation report and other further details on the scheme are available on the USS website www.uss.co.uk

Oxford Staff Pension Scheme

The pension charge for the year includes £390,000 (2018 - £240,000) in relation to the OSPS. This represents contributions of £311,000 payable to the OSPS as adjusted by the change in the deficit funding liability between the opening and closing balance sheet dates of £79,000.

OSPS' actuarial valuation as at 31 March 2016 identified a required long-term employer contribution rate of 17.3% of total pensionable salaries, with a funding deficit of £133 m. The valuation results reflect a number of changes to benefits that were agreed following an Employers' consultation in early 2017, including from 1 April 2017 a change in indexation based on the average of RPI and CPI, from 1 October 2017 a defined contribution section for new entrants and from 1 April 2018 breaking the final salary link for certain members and increased employee contributions. The actuary has certified that the recovery plan should eliminate the deficit by 30 June 2027. The next triennial valuation is due with an effective date of 31 March 2019.

The OSPS employer contribution rate required for future service benefits in the defined benefit section alone is 17.3% of total pensionable salaries from 1 April 2018. The employer contribution rate was 23% from 1 August 2016 to 31 July 2017. It was agreed that employer contribution rate would be 19% for both defined benefits members and defined contributions members who join on or after 1 October 2017. Part of the contribution for defined contribution members would be paid to the defined benefit section to cover the deficit recovery plan, the provision of ill-health and death-in service benefits and the expenses of administering the defined contribution section.

A provision of £749,000 has been made at 31 July 2019 (2018 - £670,000) for the present value of the estimated future deficit funding element of the contributions payable under this agreement. In determining the level of this provision it has been assumed that the College will continue to have a constant level of employee participation in this scheme and that the relevant earnings of these employees will increase in line with the actuary's projected long-term salary rate increases.

A copy of the full actuarial valuation report and other further details on the scheme are available on the University of Oxford website http://www.admin.ox.ac.uk/finance/epp/pensions/schemes/osps/.

Pension charge for the year

The pension charge recorded by the College during the accounting period was equal to the contributions payable after allowance for the deficit recovery plan as

Scheme	2019 £'000	2018 £'000
Universities Superannuation Scheme University of Oxford Staff Pension Scheme	1,360 390	329 240
	1,750	569

Included in other creditors and accruals are pension contributions payable of £Nil (2018: £Nil).

TAXATION 24

The College is able to take advantage of the tax exemptions available to charities from taxation in respect of income and capital gains received to the extent that such income and gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes.

No liability to corporation tax arises in the College's subsidiary companies because the directors of these companies have indicated that they intend to make donations each year to the College equal to the taxable profits of the company under the Gift Aid scheme. Accordingly no provision for taxation has been included in the financial statements.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

All loans are included at amortised cost as they are classified as basic financial instruments, as shown in note 17.

26	RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOMING RESOURCES TO
	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS

26	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS	2019 Group £'000	2018 Group £'000
	Net income	14,647	39,018
	Elimination of non-operating cash flows:		
	Investment income	(6,144)	(5,767)
	(Gains) in investments	(13,026)	(33,072)
	Endowment donations received	(3,191)	(5,939)
	Depreciation	791	771
	Decrease / (increase) in stock	3	(2)
	Decrease / (increase) in debtors	399	(245)
	(Decrease) / increase in creditors	(210)	233
	Increase / (decrease) in pension scheme liability	1,057	(107)
	Net cash used in operating activities	(5,674)	(5,110)
27	ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
		2019	2018
		£'000	£'000
	Cash at bank and in hand	35,482	31,673
	Total cash and cash equivalents	35,482	31,673
28	FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS		
	At 31 July the College had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:	2019	2018
		£'000	£'000
	Land and buildings		
	expiring within one year	-	-
	expiring between two and five years	492	474
		492	474

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS 29

At the year end the College had no capital commitments (2018: £Nil).

30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The College is part of the collegiate University of Oxford. Material interdependencies between the University and the College arise as a consequence of this relationship. For reporting purposes, the University and the other Colleges are not treated as related parties as defined in FRS 102.

Members of the Governing Body, who are the trustees of the College and related parties as defined by FRS 102, receive remuneration and facilities as employees of the College. Details of these payments and reimbursed expenses as trustees are disclosed separately in these financial statements.

The following trustees had loans outstanding from the College at the start and / or end of the year:

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Aldridge S	0	42
Buckley MJ	63	71
Crowther CV	74	87
Doye JPK	39	44
Gardner A	97	103
Lonsdale LR	50	55
Louth CB	16	21
Madden PA	0	1
Meyer D	95	103
Rees OL	86	92

No interest is charged on the above loans, which are secured on the trustees' homes. This results in a benefit in kind which is included within the remuneration disclosed in note 22.

All loans are normally repayable over a period which is the lower of the repayment period of the matching external mortgage or the number of years until the Fellow attains the normal USS pensionable age.

Certain trustees made donations to the College during the year, totalling £4,200 (2018: £10,400).

31 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are no contingent liabilities at the year end.

32 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There are no post-balance sheet events requiring disclosure.