# Lincoln College

Annual Report and Financial Statements

Year ended 31 July 2014

## Annual Report and Financial Statements, year to 31<sup>st</sup> July 2014 Contents

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Governing Body, Officers and Advisers

Year ended 31 July 2014

## **MEMBERS OF THE GOVERNING BODY**

Members of the Governing Body are the College's charity trustees under charity law. The members of the Governing Body who served in office during the year are detailed below. Non-professorial Fellows do not vote at Governing Body meetings during their first year in office and therefore are not trustees of the charity until they have been in post for one year (marked \*).

		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Prof Neil Barclay					
Dr Susan Brigden	Fellow for Alumni Relations				
Dr Rachel Buxton	Domestic Bursar	•		•	•
Dr Radu Coldea				•	
Prof Peter Cook	resigned December 31 <sup>st</sup> 2013				
Dr Roel Dullens				•	
Dr Louise Durning	Senior Tutor	•	•	•	•
Prof Nigel Emptage	Senior Dean	•	•		•
Dr Stefan Enchelmaier *	appointed September 1 <sup>st</sup> 2013				
Prof. Cecile Fabre			•		
Prof Matthew Freeman					
Prof Simon Gardner				•	
Dr Perry Gauci				•	
Dr Noam Gur					
Dr Alana Harris	Fellow for Schools Liaison		•		
Ms Susan Harrison	Development Director.	•		•	
Dr Oliver Herford	resigned September 30 <sup>th</sup> 2013				
Prof David Hills	Sub-Rector	•	•	•	•
Prof Nick Jelley	•			•	
Mr Tim Knowles	Bursar	•	•	•	•
Prof Peter McCullough	Steward of Common Room			٠	
Dr Timothy Michael *	appointed September 1st 2013				
Prof Christopher Miller	Appointed October 1 <sup>st</sup> 2013, resigned April 30 <sup>th</sup> 2014				
Dr Edward Nye		•	***************************************		
Dr Frank Payne					

## Governing Body, Officers and Advisers

## Year ended 31 July 2014

Prof Nicholas Proudfoot					
Prof Jordan Raff					
Prof Roland Smith	Fellow Librarian and Archivist			_	
Dr Maria Stamatopolou			•		
Prof Margaret Stevens					
Dr Philippe Trinh		_			
Dr Ioannis Vakonakis					
Prof David Vaux					
Dr Dominic Vella					
Prof Catherine de Vries					
Dr Qian Wang					
Dr Betiel Wasihun					
Dr Mark Williams					
Prof Michael Willis			•		
Prof Henry Woudhuysen	Rector	•	•	•	•

During the year the activities of the Governing Body were carried out through a number of committees. Fellows' membership of the following Committees for all or part of the 2013-14 is indicated in the table above.

- (1) Finance Committee
- (2) Senior Tutor's Committee
- (3) Planning Committee
- (4) Junior Relations Committee

Mr Stephan Chambers, Senior Research Fellow of the College and Director of the MBA programme at the Said Business School (but not a member of the Governing Body) is a member of the Finance Committee

Governing Body, Officers and Advisers

Year ended 31 July 2014

## **COLLEGE STAFF**

Senior members of staff who were not trustees but who undertook important roles in the management of the College during the year were:

Mrs Fiona Piddock

Librarian

Mrs Celia Harker

Accountant

Ms Jemma Underdown

Academic Administrator

(on maternity leave during the year: temporarily replaced by Ms Kairen Bradford from January 5<sup>th</sup> 2014)

Mr Ashley Walters

Schools Liaison Officer (resigned July 31st 2014)

Mr Richard Little

Admissions Officer (appointed September 23<sup>rd</sup> 2013)

Mr Michael White

IT Officer

Mr Richard Noonan

Clerk of Works

Revd Dr Nicholas "Jack" Dunn

Chaplain & Welfare Officer (appointed August 27th 2013)

Ms Nina Thompson

Human Resources Manager

## **ALUMNI REPRESENTATIVES AND ADVISORS**

An alumnus of the College attended Governing Body meetings as representative of the College's alumni and in his capacity as Chair of the College's Development Committee. In 2013-14 this person was Mr Richard Hardie, Chairman of UBS Ltd.

Two alumni of the College served as members of the Finance Committee. In 2013-14 these were Mr Christopher FitzGerald (formerly partner in the legal practice Slaughter and May and then general counsel to National Westminster Bank plc) and Mr Hugh Sloane (co-founder of the investment manager Sloane Robinson).

In 2013-14 the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee was an alumnus, being Mr Peter Clarke, formerly Fellow and Tutor in Law at Jesus College, Oxford. The other members of the Committee were Professor Keith Gull, formerly a Professorial Fellow at Lincoln College and currently Principal of St Edmund Hall, Oxford; and Ms Sheona Wood, alumna and Partner in the legal practice DW Fishburns.

11 alumni served as members of the Development Committee, meeting three times during the year.

44 alumni served as members of the Rector's Council, meeting in June 2014 to receive reports from College officers and to offer strategic advice to the Rector.

## Governing Body, Officers and Advisers

Year ended 31 July 2014

#### **PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS**

## **Investment managers**

Cerno LLP, 34 Sackville Street, London W1S 3ED

Lord North Street Limited, (formerly of 6 Duke Street St James, London W1Y 6BN) 105 Wigmore Street, London W1U 1QY

## Investment property managers

Laws and Fiennes, Warren Lodge, Banbury, Oxfordshire, OX15 5EF

#### **Auditor**

Critchleys LLP, Greyfriars Court, Paradise Square, Oxford OX1 1BE

#### **Bankers**

Lloyds TSB, Carfax Oxford, 1-5 High Street, Carfax, Oxford, OX1 4AA

## **Solicitors**

Darbys, Midland House, West Way, Oxford OX2 0PH

## College address

Lincoln College, Turl Street, Oxford, OX1 3DR

## Website

www.lincoln.ox.ac.uk

## Report of the Governing Body

The Members of the Governing Body present their Annual Report for the year ended 31 July 2014 under the Charities Act 2011 together with the audited financial statements for the year.

## REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Lincoln College ("the College") is an eleemosynary chartered charitable corporation. The full corporate designation of the College is "The Warden or Rector and Scholars of the College of the Blessed Mary and All Saints, Lincoln, in the University of Oxford, commonly called Lincoln College". The College was founded by Richard Fleming, Bishop of Lincoln, under a Royal Charter of King Henry VI dated 13<sup>th</sup> October 1427 and a Deed of Foundation of 1429. The corporation comprises the Rector and Fellows.

The names of all Members of the Governing Body at the date of this report and of those in office during the year, together with details of the senior staff and advisers of the College, are given on pages 2 to 5.

The College registered with the Charities Commission on 3<sup>rd</sup> December 2010. Its registered number is 1139261.

## STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

## **Governing documents**

The College is governed by its Statutes, dating from 1478 and most recently updated in 2003.

## **Governing Body**

The Governing Body is constituted and regulated in accordance with the College Statutes, the terms of which are enforceable ultimately by the Visitor, the Bishop of Lincoln. The Governing Body is a self-appointing corporate body. Membership is subject to review and renewal every seven years, and lapses with retirement from office. New members of the Governing Body are elected when they are appointed to Tutorial, Professorial or Official Fellowships with the College. Tutorial and Professorial Fellows are elected on the basis of their experience of and contribution to education and research in their field of study. College Officers appointed as Official Fellows are elected for the professional and/or administrative skills and qualifications which will enable them to contribute to the Governing Body's management of the College. Some Tutorial Fellows and all Professorial Fellows hold their College posts in conjunction with posts held at Oxford University. Other Tutorial Fellows and those College Officers who have been appointed to specific administrative or managerial roles in the College are College-only appointees.

The Governing Body determines the ongoing strategic direction of the College and regulates its administration and the management of its finances and assets. It meets regularly under the chairmanship of the Rector and is advised by its various committees.

## Recruitment and training of Members of the Governing Body

New Members of the Governing Body are recruited when they join the College as Tutorial, Professorial or Official Fellows. Recruitment to these posts may be in one of two ways. If the post is one that is jointly appointed by the College and by Oxford University (as is the case for some Tutorial Fellows and all Professorial Fellows) the recruitment exercise will have been conducted jointly by the College and the relevant department of the University, with representatives of both entities serving on the selection panel. If the post is one whose appointment is solely at the discretion of the College (as is the case for some Tutorial Fellows and Official Fellows such as the Senior Tutor, the Bursar and the Domestic Bursar) the recruitment process will have been managed entirely by the Rector and Fellows of the College aided by expert advisers from outside the College.

## Report of the Governing Body

New Fellows are formally elected to the Governing Body as soon as is practicable after appointment to their Fellowship and they take the College oath at the first available meeting of the Governing Body. Induction into the workings of the College, including Governing Body policy and procedures, is by means of meetings with senior colleagues and by receipt of "Notes for New Fellows" which document serves as a manual for senior members of the College. The College Statutes stipulate that new Fellows do not vote at Governing Body meetings during their first year in office: they therefore do not become trustees of the charity until they have been in post for one year. New Trustees are provided with guidance documents issued by the Charity Commission and trustee training sessions are made available to members of the Governing Body.

## Organisational management

The members of the Governing Body meet at least seven times each year. The work of developing the Governing Body's policies and monitoring their implementation is carried out by a number of Committees, of which some are Committees of the Governing Body and others are committees overseeing particular functions of the College. The principal Committees of the Governing Body are:

Finance Committee: an advisory Committee of the Governing Body whose remit covers matters relating to finance, accounting, investments, estates, premises and risk management; chaired by the Rector, convened by the Bursar; membership includes two alumni representatives with especial experience of investments and of financial management; student representatives attend for Unreserved Business; meets at least six times per annum.

Senior Tutor's Committee: an advisory Committee of the Governing Body whose remit covers matters relating to the academic work of the College (both education and research); chaired by the Recto, convened by the Senior Tutor; student representatives attend for Unreserved Business; meets at least six times per annum.

Planning Committee: an advisory Committee of the Governing Body whose remit covers College strategy; chaired and convened by the Rector and including up to two alumni representatives; student representatives attend for Unreserved Business; meets at least twice per annum.

Junior Relations Committee: chaired by the Rector, convened by the Senior Dean; members include representatives of the student common rooms, the Chaplain and the College's Doctor and Nurse together with other College officers; meets at least three times per annum.

Welfare Committee: chaired by the Rector, convened by the Senior Dean; members include representatives of the student common rooms, the Chaplain and the College's Doctor and Nurse together with some College officers; meets at least three times per annum.

Other committees with specific functions within the College are:

Health and Safety Committee: chaired by the Bursar, convened by the Domestic Bursar; membership includes members of staff and student representatives.

Equality Committee : chaired by the Bursar, convened by the HR Manager; membership includes members of staff and student representatives.

Sustainability Committee : chaired by a Fellow, convened by the Domestic Bursar; membership includes members of staff and student representatives.

Development Committee: chaired by an alumnus, convened by the Development Director; remit covers alumni relations and fund-raising; membership includes a number of alumni and College officers.

Remuneration Committee: an advisory committee of the Governing Body, whose remit extends to making recommendations in respect of the remuneration and benefits of members of the Governing Body and nominated College officers; the chairman and all members are external to the College (that is, none is a trustee or an employee of the College); meets once per annum or more frequently if so required.

## Report of the Governing Body

Implementation of the Governing Body's policies and decisions is undertaken by College Officers, chief among whom are the Senior Tutor, the Senior Dean, the Bursar and the Domestic Bursar. The Officers are assisted by members of the College's staff.

## Group structure and relationships

The College administers many special trusts, as detailed in Notes 18 and 19 to the financial statements.

There are two charitable bodies which are constituted independently of the College and whose objects are solely for the benefit of the College and its members. These are the Lincoln College Michael Zilkha Trust (registered charity number 1095113) whose object is to support the educational and/or research activities of the Fellows of Lincoln College; and the Lincoln 2027 Trust (registered charity number 1136816) whose object is to raise and accumulate funds to provide new and substantial financial support for the College.

The College has two wholly owned non-charitable subsidiaries. These are Lincoln College Enterprises Limited, which undertakes major building and refurbishment works relating to the College's premises; and Lincoln College Trading Limited, which undertakes the College's conference business and catering / accommodation services provided to non-College members. Annual profits of the subsidiaries are donated to the College under the Gift Aid Scheme.

The College is part of the collegiate University of Oxford. Material interdependencies between the University and the College arise as a consequence of this relationship.

## Risk management

The College is engaged in risk assessment on an ongoing basis. The Governing Body annually reviews a detailed analysis of potential and actual risks prepared by the Finance Committee. When it is not able to address risk issues using internal resources, the College takes advice from experts external to the College with specialist knowledge (those experts with whom the College maintains a regular relationship are listed on page 5). Policies and procedures within the College are reviewed by the relevant College Committee, chaired by the Rector or the Bursar. Financial and investment risks are assessed by the Finance Committee. The Domestic Bursar and domestic staff department heads meet regularly to review risks related to health and safety issues. Training courses and other forms of career development are available to members of staff to enhance their skills in risk-related areas.

The Governing Body, which has ultimate responsibility for managing any risks faced by the College, has given consideration to the major risks to which the College and its subsidiaries are exposed and has concluded that adequate systems are in place to manage these risks. It is recognised that systems can provide only reasonable but not absolute assurance that major risks have been managed.

#### **OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES**

## Charitable Objects and Aims

The College's objects are

- the advancement of education, study, and research in particular through the provision, support and maintenance of a college in Oxford;
- ii the advancement of religion including the provision and support of a chapel in accordance with the principles of the Church of England.

The aims set for the College's subsidiaries are to help to finance the achievement of the College's objects.

## **Activities and Objectives of the College**

The principal focus of the College's activities is on its academic work: that is, high-quality research and the education of new generations of students, both in a wide range of subject areas. The College maintains and develops the experience of a residential community whose senior and student members are engaged in the pursuit of academic excellence. To this end the College provides facilities for study in the form of teaching and seminar rooms, lecture theatres, computer facilities and co-operative access to the laboratory and other facilities provided by Oxford University. The extensive Library and Archive constitute a valuable resource for members of the College and for others by arrangement. The College also provides a sufficient number of study bedrooms to accommodate many tutors and the majority of its students as well as facilities consistent with the provision of an all-round education (a sports ground, a boathouse and spaces for music, art and drama).

#### **Commitment to Public Benefit**

The Governing Body is mindful of the long-standing requirement to provide public benefit and of the disclosure requirements of the Charities Act 2011. In this connection the Governing Body has monitored closely the general and supplemental guidance produced by the Charity Commission, in particular its public benefit guidance on advancement of education and on fee-charging.

The College lists its specific aims for the public benefit as being:

- to admit students and to appoint academic staff solely on the basis of academic merit and potential, without regard to sex, gender, ethnic origin, religion, disability, previous educational experience or financial circumstances;
- to provide sufficient financial support, both from its own resources and in conjunction with the wider collegiate University, such that no undergraduate student will be deterred from studying at Lincoln College on financial grounds;
- to honour the College's commitment to participation in bursary schemes organised in the name of Oxford University (eg the Oxford Opportunity Bursary);
- to commit resources to programmes of outreach and access, initiated both by the College and by the University, consistent with achievement of the University's intentions as stated to the Office of Fair Access;
- to welcome members of the public as visitors to the College and its events and facilities.

The College takes very seriously its commitment to provide financial support for its students. In 2013-14 the College maintained an extensive programme of financial support for undergraduate and post-graduate students, in the form both of bursaries (to assist with living costs) and scholarships (awarded in recognition of particular academic merit). This support from the College was in addition to any support students may have derived from government-sponsored sources such as the Student Loans Company. Lincoln participated in the University's fee waiver programme, effectively subsidising undergraduate tuition fees to the extent of £39,000. Sixty-four undergraduate students received bursaries of up to £5,500 each via the Oxford Opportunity Bursary Scheme: in total Lincoln students received approximately £168,000 via this Scheme, with the College's contribution to the Scheme amounting to £84,000. The College noted in particular the generosity of alumni which has made possible additional support for undergraduates from less-privileged backgrounds: the first Cuthbert Bursaries were awarded in 2012-13, and they were joined this year by three further endowed bursary schemes – the Kingsgate, Henrey and Blackstaffe Bursaries. The College made additional grants and loans from its own funds totalling £21,500 to undergraduates who experienced varying degrees of financial hardship. Scholarships, prizes and academic grants were awarded to undergraduate students to reward academic excellence and to encourage academic endeavour: in 2013-14 the total awarded was £93,000.

Sixty post-graduate students were the recipients of scholarships and studentships amounting to £665,000: Lincoln now has the most extensive programme of graduate scholarships and grants of any Oxford college. A further £5,000 was provided by way of bursaries to post-graduates.

## Report of the Governing Body

While the primary beneficiaries of the College's work are its resident members, both students and academic staff directly engaged in education, learning and research, beneficiaries also include students and academic staff from other colleges and of Oxford University as a whole; visiting academics from other universities; schoolchildren visiting the College for introductory sessions; and alumni of the College and other visitors, including members of the general public, who may attend educational events such as concerts, exhibitions and chapel services and have access to the gardens and historic buildings. During 2013-14 the College hosted a number of events for the benefit of the wider public, including the annual Wesley lecture and the week-long programme of exhibitions and performances under the auspices of the Turl Street Arts Festival. Regular chapel services were open to members of the public; the College admitted visitors and tourists without charge; and the College continued to make its sports facilities available to the East Oxford Cricket Club for the duration of the 2014 cricket season.

The College maintained its commitment to programmes of outreach designed to improve access to Oxford University. During 2013-14 Lincoln employed a Schools Liaison Officer jointly with Exeter College, and the College co-ordinated its activities with those of the collegiate University as a whole in order to ensure an even distribution of outreach work across the United Kingdom. The Schools Liaison Officer together with Fellows and Tutors of the College undertook a programme of events including visits to schools and residential and day visits by school parties to the College. In 2013-14 thirty-five events were organised in Oxford and in our link regions of Lincolnshire and the west of England; many of these events involved contact with more than one school. The College also hosted a number of participants in the UNIQ summer schools for Year 12 secondary school pupils, and participated actively in Open Days organised by the collegiate University. In 2013-14 the College's expenditure on activities associated with the admission of new students was £120,000, of which £21,000 was spent specifically on the outreach activities here described. In addition Lincoln has elected to participate in the University's REACH scheme, admitting for October 2014 a student from a developing country who, without the financial support of the Governing Body and the students' common rooms, would not be able to take up a place to study at Oxford University.

The College is not aware of any detriment or harm arising from its carrying out its charitable objects. There are no geographical restrictions in the College's objects: students and academic staff are drawn from around the world. There are no age restrictions in the College's objects (though it is to be noted that most students of the College are aged between 18 and 25). The College's objects do not imply any restrictions as to religious behaviour or belief.

## **ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE**

During the year 2013-14 Lincoln College has registered significant achievements consistent with its two charitable objects.

#### (i) Students

In conjunction with Oxford University, Lincoln College provides an education internationally recognised as being of the highest standard for approximately 600 undergraduate and post-graduate students from all over the world. This education develops students' academic abilities, interpersonal skills and leadership qualities and prepares them for full and effective roles in society. The College provides teaching facilities together with academic, administrative and pastoral support to its undergraduate and post-graduate students.

The College continued in its principal work of preparing students for examination in a range of subjects and at various levels at Oxford University. Undergraduate numbers totalled approximately three hundred spread over three or four years of study, in line with Lincoln's long-standing policy of providing full tutorial provision, pastoral care and residential accommodation for this number of students. Much of the education provided to undergraduate students is via the tutorial system, by which students meet their tutors individually or in small groups on a weekly basis during Term for in-depth discussion of pieces of prepared work. In addition to tutorials the College also provides classes and seminars in conjunction with departments of the University. Eighty-seven undergraduate students in their third or fourth year of study completed the Final Honours School in 2014, with thirty-one being placed in the First Class and fifty-one being awarded a 2:1 degree. The College was placed 10<sup>th</sup> in the Norrington Table which compares the performance of students from Oxford's 30 undergraduate colleges in the University's Final Honours Schools. Eighty-seven students in their first year of

## Report of the Governing Body

study passed the First Public Examination at Oxford University; ten were awarded special merit (that is, a Distinction in Prelims or a First Class in Moderations).

Post-graduate students also numbered approximately three hundred throughout the year, with students evenly divided between those undertaking lengthy programmes of research (leading, for example, to doctorate-level degrees) and those undertaking shorter, structured courses of tuition leading to examination. Each post-graduate student is assigned a College advisor who provides academic advice and pastoral support; and the College-appointed Tutor for Graduates maintains overall oversight of post-graduates' welfare and academic progress. Forty-nine students were awarded the degree of D:Phil during the year; and of the eighty-five students who passed examinations for their post-graduate qualifications in the summer of 2013, thirty-five achieved special merit (Distinction or First Class).

The College continued to encourage education in its broadest sense, supporting its student members in a wide range of cultural and sporting activities. Thirty members of College received awards from the College's Blues Fund, which has now been expanded with the aim of not only rewarding students for representing University teams but helping them to fulfil their aspirations, in sports including rowing, netball, real tennis, water polo and powerlifting, to name but a few, The College's rugby football team defeated Jesus College to win the inter-collegiate Plate final and were briefly in the first division of the colleges' league competition. On the river the women's novice crew won Christ Church regatta and the Boat Club maintained its record of ensuring a high level of participation with five Lincoln boats in the summer Eights' fixed divisions. The Music Society staged a number of memorable events, including very successful jazz and a cappella concerts in the Chapel. The annual Turl Street Arts Festival in February saw a variety of events including live jazz in Deep Hall and in the front quad, organ recitals in the Chapel and the inaugural "Turl Street Bake-Off". Lincoln's student-run charity, VacProj, organised and paid for holidays for under-privileged Oxfordshire children: this was its 43<sup>rd</sup> year of operation. Many of these activities received financial support from the Annual Fund Working Group of students, College officers, and Trustees of the Old Members' Exhibition Trust, which distributed just over £30,000 of alumni donations to support students' activities during the year.

The Oxford University Careers' Service's maintains a database of graduating students' employment destinations. For the years 2009-13 90% of Lincoln's graduating students reported themselves as being in employment or study (or a combination of the two) six months after leaving the College; only 5% declared themselves as unemployed.

## (ii) Fellows and Lecturers

The College advances research by:

paying stipends to Fellows and supporting the costs of their research through sabbatical and special leave

making funds available to Fellows for attendance at international and national conferences, for research trips and for research materials; and hosting academic conferences, lectures and in the College

sponsoring visits by academic researchers from all over the world

providing research fellowships to outstanding (mainly) young academics to enable them to establish a research profile as a prelude to obtaining a permanent academic (teaching, research and administrative) post

During the year the size of the Fellowship increased as new posts were created in a number of different areas. A new tutorial Fellowship has been created in Spanish, so the College has for the first time in many years two Fellows in Modern Languages. Two Junior Research Fellowships were created in the field of Architectural History: these two posts will be funded by the Shuffrey Research Fund, one of the trusts administered by the College. The generosity of Professor George Brownlee has funded two Post-doctoral Fellowships in Biomedical Sciences; and the College has re-established the Junior Research Fellowship in Music after a short hiatus, funding being provided by the Lord Crewe Trust. The College has raised sufficient funds to make up its share of the monies required to secure permanent endowment of academic posts identified as meriting

## Report of the Governing Body

support from the University's Teaching Fund: full endowment of the College's Tutorial Fellowships in History and in Classical Archaeology and Ancient History (CAAH) has been achieved, and the target for the PPE – Economics Fellowship has almost been reached. These additions to the Fellowship represent a significant increase in the Lincoln's commitment of resources to research and teaching.

Lincoln has also committed extra resources to the work of its Library and in particular the antiquarian collection housed in the Senior Library. A major project has been undertaken to catalogue the entire Senior Library: this will take several years and Lincoln is grateful to a number of alumni and friends of the College who have provided funds to hire an experienced specialist for the early stages of this project. Also a second specialist cataloguer was employed for several months to examine and to catalogue the College's collection of rare Hebrew books.

Senior members of the College combined their teaching and educational duties with research work of the highest quality in 2013-14, There follows a representative list of notable research achievements by Fellows and academic researchers associated with the College:

Peter Atkins (Supernumerary Fellow, Chemistry) published his 10<sup>th</sup> edition of *Physical Chemistry*, his 6<sup>th</sup> edition of *Chemical Principles* and two introductory books on Chemistry as well as lecturing extensively around the world.

Neil Barclay (Chemical Pathology) has continued his research on the analysis of membrane proteins of white blood cells and in particular the molecular mechanisms of how they control cellular functions.

Susan Brigden (History) lectured in New York and in California where she was a Visiting Fellow at the Huntington Library. She was elected a Fellow of the British Academy.

Radu Coldea (Physics) has published and lectured extensively on a novel class of magnetic materials containing honeycombs of iridium ions connected three-dimensionally. His work has appeared in *Nature Communications, Physical Review Letters* and *Physical Review Condensed Matter*.

Catherine De Vries (PPE- Politics) received the American Political Science association's emerging scholar award and completed a British Academy-funded project on electoral punishment of governments.

Roel Dullens (Chemistry) has co-authored papers in *Journal of Chemical Physics*, *Nano Letters* and *Soft Matter*.

Nigel Emptage (Medical Sciences) demitted as Senior Dean, having served 5 years in this role and moved to a 12 month sabbatical period. His plan is to spend time in his laboratory focussing upon the development of novel instrumentation for his neuroscience research. Over the past year published work has appeared in the Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society and Molecular Brain.

Stefan Enchelmaier (Law) has published a number of articles based on his research primarily into EU and European competition law and has lectured in Britain and Europe.

Cecile Fabre (PPE – Philosophy) continued work on her book *Cosmopolitan Peace* (which follows her 2012 publication, *Cosmopolitan War*). She benefited from a British Academy mid-career fellowship and sent a month as visiting fellow at the Australian National University. She has recently been awarded a Senior Research Fellowship at All Souls, College, Oxford.

Simon Gardner (Law) has worked with alumnae Christina Walton (2004) and Emily MacKenzie (2006), the latter collaboration resulting in a new edition of their book *An Introduction to Land Law.* 

Alana Harris (History) launched her recent book Faith in the Family: a Lived Religious History of English Catholicism 1945-1982 and has started a new monograph entitled After Vice: Sin, Sexuality and Confessional Cultures in Twentieth-Century Britain.

Nick Jelly (Physics) has designed and built a low-cost solar cooker for use in developing countries and which has been trialled successfully in Italy . His research has been funded by the Leverhulme Trust.

## Report of the Governing Body

Peter McCullough (English) has continued his work editing the Oxford edition of the sermons of John Donne, with the first volume being published in the last year and a second now in press. He has lectured in Europe and the USA.

Timothy Michael (English) has a book due for publication in 2015 entitled *British Romanticism and the Critique of Political Reason*. He has lectured in the USA and in Europe, and two of these lectures have been accepted for publication.

R R R (Bert) Smith (Classical Art and Archaeology) held a British Academy/Leverhulme Senior Research Fellowship to work on late *Antique Statues of Aphrodisias*. He completed his *Ancient Theatres in Anatolia*, finished co-editing an OUP volume on antique statuary and spent his customary two months directing research and excavation at Aphrodisias in Turkey.

Margaret Stevens (PPE – Economics) has spent her two terms of sabbatical leave in developing a new introductory curriculum for teaching economics in universities worldwide.

Philippe Trinh (Mathematics) published articles in *Journal of Fluid Mechanics* and *Physics of Fluids* on his work which focuses on the characteristics of spreading and sliding droplets.

John Vakonakis (Biochemistry) has continued his Wellcome Trust/BBSRC-funded research into the functioning of molecular "machines" inside cells, focusing on the human protein CPAP.

David Vaux (Medical Sciences) continued his research into nuclear cell biology, studying mechanisms that underlie a range of human conditions including Alzheimer's Disease.

Dominic Vella (Mathematics) has continued his research developing mathematical models of wrinkling. He also developed a mathematical model to predict the calving of icebergs and researched into the strength of honeycomb structures.,

Betiel Wasihun (Modern Languages) co-edited a volume of essays entitled "Playing False: a Representation of Betrayals" which was published in October 2013 and has presented research papers in Oxford and in USA.

Michael Willis (Chemistry) has received the Royal Society of Chemistry's "Catalysis in Organic Chemistry" award. He has also won an EPSRC-sponsored Established Researcher Fellowship to enable him to focus on his research into new catalytic processes for organic synthesis.

Nigel Wilson (Supernumerary Fellow, Classics) completed the edition of Herodotus for the Oxford Classical Texts series; gave a "Kompaktseminar" in Freiburg; and wrote prefaces to soon-to-be-published Aldine editions of Greek authors.

Henry Woudhuysen (Rector - English) gave the University's Lyell Lectures in Bibliography under the title *Almost Identical: Copying Books in England 1600-1900*. He also gave lectures in London, Yale and South Africa and continued his editorial work with *The Book: a Global History*..

## (iii) The Chapel

The College continued to maintain a Chapel in accordance with the principles of the Anglican Church. Services are held daily and many are open to members of the public. Revd Gregory Platten having resigned in April 2013 to take up a post in a north London parish, the College appointed Revd Dr Nicholas "Jack" Dunn to the post of Chaplain and Welfare Officer in August 2013. The appointment of the Revd Dr Dunn represented a break with previous practice: in consideration of the requirements of pastoral work among post-graduate (as well as undergraduate) students during the Vacations and among other College members throughout the year, it was decided that the joint appointment of College Chaplain and parish curate at St Michael at the Northgate would end, and the post would revert to being solely a College one with specific responsibility for members' welfare.

The College provided scholarships and music lessons to its organ scholars and a number of choral scholars, and singing lessons to the Chapel choir. The latter maintained the tradition of being arguably the finest mixed-voice choir of any Oxford College, launching a CD on the theme of remembrance entitled "For the Fallen", and

## Report of the Governing Body

touring to Durham and to Rome. As it was not possible to appoint an undergraduate organ scholar during the December 2013 admissions process, the College instead appointed to the newly-created position of Chapel precentor, instituting a scholarship for this purpose to be taken up by a post-graduate student. This represented a substantial increase in the College's financial commitment to the Choir and to music in the Chapel.

#### (iv) Premises

The College has continued to pay considerable attention to the maintenance and enhancement of its physical resources so as to contribute to the achievement of its charitable objects. Although total expenditure on regular maintenance and refurbishment was less than in the previous year (2014: £1.30million; 2013: £1.37million) this category of expenditure still represents a significant proportion (15%) of the College 's total annual spending.

The College continued its long-term programme to refurbish all the student rooms on the west side of Turl Street. By end-July 2014 36 rooms on Staircase 15 and in Lincoln House had been redecorated and provided with en-suite facilities and central heating, and it is expected that the remaining few rooms in Lincoln House will be similarly treated by the end of September 2015. This refurbishment project has been undertaken to a high standard by the College's in-house maintenance team and is funded by alumni donations to the College's Annual Fund.

The Annual fund has also supported a project to provide wi-fi coverage to all parts of the College's premises. This project is almost complete.

Aside from regular maintenance and refurbishment work, construction work on the Garden Building project has continued throughout the year under review. This project will see a total refurbishment of the existing Garden Building (to be renamed the Berrow Foundation Building) together with the construction an annexed New Garden Building. Together these buildings will provide facilities to include a performance space, a student common room, a meeting room, a lecture hall and music practice rooms. The work was due for completion in the summer of 2014 but is now likely to be finished by the end of the calendar year. Negotiation of a fixed-price contract with the builder means that the extra time spent on construction will not result in a material uplift in costs to the College beyond what was originally planned. This major project for the College has been made possible by generous financial support from the Edward Penley Abraham Trust (the EPA Trust) and the Berrow Foundation.

In June 2013 the College fulfilled a long-standing ambition by acquiring the freehold to 120-121 High Street, Oxford. The property is currently partly-occupied by Nat West and Coutts Banks: they will continue as lessees of the College for the foreseeable future. During 2013-14 the College has undertaken a feasibility study into the most appropriate uses of the remainder of the building which is accessed from King Alfred Street and from staircase 22 of the College's post-graduate accommodation bloc at Bear Lane. The results of this study will be available shortly and it is anticipated that refurbishment work to the chosen specification will begin in the first half of 2015.

## (v) Development and Fund-raising

Legacies and donations contributed £5.823million to the College's funds in 2013-14 (2012-13: £5.061million). The majority of this sum was given to the "Living Lincoln" campaign which was launched in 2011 with the three-fold aims of supporting our students, safeguarding the Fellowship and sustaining the College's heritage. By July 2014 the College was nearing the end of this campaign: over £30million has been raised in donations, pledges and legacies for its three objectives, exceeding the original target of £27million. The Annual Fund received donations of approximately £260,000 during the year, a significant sum because this Fund is used specifically to support ongoing projects which are for the benefit of, and frequently at the initiative of, the current generation of Lincoln students. In total 21% of all alumni made a donation in the financial year 2013-14 and nearly 40% of alumni have contributed over the three-year course of the "Living Lincoln" campaign. Of particular note in the latest year has been the generosity of younger alumni: the new "Lincoln for Life" fund, designed for young alumni making modest regular donations, has this year been able to make its first grant — for a recording deck in the new music practice rooms.

## Report of the Governing Body

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

The College derives income to support its regular operations in pursuit of its objectives from three principal sources:

- income in respect of tuition, being fees paid by students (or their sponsors, or government) and money received from external sources to fund Fellowships and studentships;
- revenue from the College's domestic (accommodation and catering) activities, as provided both to College members and to non-members of College;
- returns generated by the College's pool of investments.

The College also receives a number of donations and legacies each year, some of which are used to fund regular operations but the larger share of which is used to increase endowment funds and to fund major items of capital expenditure.

In 2013-14 the total of incoming resources was £14.009million (2013: £13.100million) of which £5.823million was in the form of donations and legacies (2013: £5.061million)

The College spends money on five areas of activity:

- academic activities (education, study and research including personnel costs and expenditure on supporting infrastructure);
- support for students (in the form of scholarships, bursaries and expenditure on facilities and activities for students' benefit);
- provision of accommodation and catering services to members and non-members of College;
- buildings' repair and maintenance
- management (including the costs of fund-raising, investment management and governance)

In 2013-14 the total of resources expended was £9.311million (2013: £8.666million). Therefore the total of net incoming resources was £4.698million (2013: £4.434million)

The College's annual Financial Plan is structured such that all operating expenditure should be met from the three sources of operating income with the proviso that the sum derived from the College's pool of investments should be no more than a fixed percentage of the value of those investments. The Governing Body has decided that, for the time being, that percentage be fixed at 3%; and that to smooth and moderate the amounts withdrawn this 3% is calculated on the average of the year-end values in each of the last three years. In 2013-14 the College presents its Accounts for the first time on a total return accounting basis. Internal analysis of the College's management accounts shows that in 2013-14 the exact amount required to fund the College's activities, once all items of expenditure had been weighed against total non-investment income, was 2.9% of the value of the investment pool (and that the record over the previous three years was 2012-13: 3.1%; 2011-12: 3.2%; 2010-11: 2.8%). The Governing Body will keep the level of income withdrawn under review in order to balance the needs and interests of current beneficiaries of the College's activities with those of future beneficiaries.

In 2013-14 operating income (that is, income excluding legacies and donations) was £492,000 higher than in 2012-13 (2014: £8.186million; 2013: £7.694million). Within this total figure, income from the College's financial investments and rents from properties were together £155,000 higher than in the previous year. Revenues in the form of tuition fees showed an increase on 2012-13. Funds received via the University-administered JRAM/CFF showed a small increase (indicating that the 2012 changes in the UK higher' education funding regime, which saw a reduction in funds received directly from HEFCE, has not had an adverse effect on the College's financial position); this offset a reduction in fees received from Overseas students in consequence of a smaller-than-expected number of Visiting Students from the USA. The College continued to benefit from privately-sourced funds in support of student scholarship with substantial and generous donations from the Sloane Robinson Foundation, the Keith Murray Award Fund, the Polonsky Foundation, the Berrow Foundation and increasingly the Lord Crewe Trust.

## Report of the Governing Body

2013-14 was a year which saw close control kept over some major areas of expenditure, with spending on buildings' refurbishment and maintenance, and on development (fund-raising and alumni relations) lower than in the previous year. Costs associated with the domestic management of the College (that is, accommodation, catering, gardens and the Lodge) came under pressure, with staff costs rising as a consequence of incremental remuneration increases and the requirements of the government's pensions auto-enrolment policy. Nevertheless net proceeds derived from domestic operations rose slightly, with revenues from conferences and other third-party business maintaining a consistent level at around £660,000 per annum.

## Reserves policy

The College's reserves policy is to maintain sufficient free reserves to enable it to meet its short-term financial obligations in the event of an unexpected revenue shortfall and to allow the College to be managed efficiently and to provide a buffer that would ensure uninterrupted services.

The level of reserves at 31 July 2014 was £1.585million (2013: £713,000). This figure represents retained unrestricted income reserves excluding an amount of £19.855 million for the book value of fixed assets and other designated funds of £670,000. The 2014 figure represents a rebuilding of reserves from a low level reached in 2012, and in that it represents approximately two months' worth of gross expenditure it is consistent with the College's stated reserves policy.

## Investment policy, objectives and performance

The College's investment objectives are to balance current and future beneficiary needs by:

- maintaining and then growing the value of the investments in real (spending power) terms;
- producing a consistent and sustainable amount to support regular expenditure;
- delivering these objectives within acceptable levels of risk.

To meet these objectives the College's investments as a whole are managed on a total return basis (that is, income and capital taken together) maintaining diversification across a range of asset classes in order to produce an appropriate balance between risk and return. This approach is consistent with the College statutes which allow the College to invest permanent endowments to maximise the related total return and to make available for expenditure each year an appropriate proportion of the unapplied total return. Investment strategy, policy and performance are monitored by the Finance Committee. Individual members of the Finance Committee, particularly the Bursar and the two alumni members, bring to the Committee significant investment expertise.

At end-July 2014 the College's long term investments, combining the property assets and the pool of securities and other investments, totalled £88.6million (2013: £83.3million) of which £5.8million comprised the independently-managed Lincoln 2027 Trust and £1.3million the Lincoln College Michael Zilkha Fund.

The total rate of return on the College's investments (that is, income plus capital gain) was +7.5% (2013: +14.2%) or +7.0% after management costs (2013: +13.8%). This return was comprised as follows:

	Property Investments	Securities and Other Investments	Total
Income Capital	+ 5.2% + 5.8%	+ 0.7% + 3.2%	+ 3.0% + 4.5%
Total before costs	+ 11.0%	+ 3.9%	+ 7.5%
Management costs	- 0.7%	- 0.3%	- 0.5%

## Report of the Governing Body

Valuations of Property Investments are determined by the College's Land Agents, Laws and Fiennes, who in turn take advice from such advisors as Cluttons (for commercial and London residential properties), Breckon & Breckon (for local residential properties) and Savills (for agricultural properties). With the assistance of these advisers the College undertakes a full-scale market-based revaluation of the Property portfolio every three years: the next such revaluation is due in July 2015. Property values for end-July 2014 are based on the 2013 valuations adjusted for changes in actual and estimated income yields over the year.

Day-to-day management of the Securities and Other Investments is delegated to a number of external investment managers of which the two principal organisations are listed on page 5. The Finance Committee maintains a record of a benchmark index in order to compare the performance of the College's Securities and Other Investments with that of the wider market: in 2013-14 this benchmark index generated a return of -0.8%. From the perspective of a UK investor returns from internationally-diversified portfolios were dampened by the strength of sterling — the pound appreciated by 11% against the US dollar and by 10% against the euro — so this was not a year in which British investors reaped the rewards of a global investment approach. Global equity markets therefore produced negligible returns over the twelve months and for a sterling-based investor bond market returns were negative. In this environment the +3.9% return from the College's portfolios of securities and other financial investments, although much lower than the +17.7% achieved in 2012-13, was actually quite reasonable.

#### **FUTURE PLANS**

The College's future plans towards the achievement of its Objects and the maintenance of its commitment to Public Benefit are set out in the College's Strategic Plan as periodically agreed by the Governing Body. Achievements in respect of the Strategic Plans are monitored each year in Michaelmas Term by the Governing Body, advised by the Planning Committee; and the Plan is formally reviewed approximately every five years. In accordance with this schedule a special meeting of the Governing Body was held for the purpose of review in September 2011.

The College's successive Strategic Plans have systematically identified the following as aims conducive to the achievement of the College's charitable objects:

- To provide an exceptional residential education in Oxford for high-ability undergraduates selected solely on academic grounds from a diversity of backgrounds;
- 2. To maintain the most rigorous standards of tutorial-based undergraduate education provided by the College's Fellows;
- 3. To promote and support to the highest levels of excellence postgraduate study and research;
- 4. Through its Fellows to engage in advanced and innovative research of international quality;
- 5. To provide facilities of the highest quality to support study and research;
- 6. To collaborate effectively with the other Colleges and with the University in furtherance of our joint educational mission.

The College has given considerable thought to the adequate resourcing of these planned activities and in the immediate future is concentrating on five specific areas.

First, as has been observed in previous Governing Body Reports the College is mindful of the fact that the present reductionist trend in government funding for higher education is very unlikely to be reversed. The College believes that its pursuit of academic excellence (and in particular the maintenance of the intensive undergraduate teaching style represented by the tutorial system) will best be safeguarded by the College becoming more reliant on its own resources and less on funding from official channels. To this end the College has put in place and will continue to pursue measures designed to increase the size of the investment funds from which it can fund its activities, this to be achieved through a combination of fund-raising, prudent investment management and management of ongoing operations so as not to incur operating deficits. The review of investment management arrangements which resulted in 2009 in the current disposition of funds between Lord North Street and Cerno, and the establishment in 2009 of the Lincoln 2027 Trust as a separate capital-accumulation investment vehicle, were and will continue to be, important components of this programme. The College will also maintain its commitment to its fund-raising efforts, following the conclusion of the "Living Lincoln" campaign with targeted fund-raising initiatives.

## Report of the Governing Body

Second, Lincoln will continue to support its Fellows, and other senior academics attached to the College, in their research work. Financial support will be provided in the form of grants from the Lincoln College Michael Zilkha Fund and research allowances from the College itself: the total amount of funds made available via the latter source has been increased this year on the advice of the College's Remuneration Committee.

Third, the College will maintain its practice of careful scrutiny and monitoring of the level of undergraduate teaching provided and the costs of providing that teaching. Lincoln already provides tuition in a smaller number of subjects than any other traditional Oxford college, this being a function of its having a relatively small Fellowship combined with its policy of having at least two Fellows for each major honours school. (The recent increase in the number of Modern Languages Fellows from one to two should be viewed in this context.) The College intends to continue this concentrated provision of undergraduate teaching so as to provide the highest quality of undergraduate experience given the constraints imposed by the College's resources.

Fourth, the College will ensure that sufficient provision is made for its post-graduate students. With 300 post-graduate members Lincoln has one of the largest post-graduate populations of any Oxford college, both in absolute terms and relative to the number of undergraduate members. The Dame Louise Johnson Building acquired in 2012, with 37 student bedrooms, provided a significant addition to the College's provision of post-graduate accommodation. The incorporation of a new common room for the College's post-graduate students in the Berrow Foundation Building will enhance post-graduates' experience of the College. Looking further forward, the College will continue to give consideration to opportunities to expand its accommodation provision in central Oxford should it be required.

Fifth, the College will maintain its focus on the enhancement of the quality of the physical resources it is able to deploy in pursuit of its charitable objects. The major redevelopment of the Berrow Foundation Building and the New Garden Building will provide a much-improved space for lectures and performances in the refurbished Oakeshott Room; a new dining-/board-room; a new seminar room; facilities for music practice; and the new Middle Common Room. The next focus will be on the newly-acquired property at 120-121 High Street (the National Westminster Bank building) as the College considers how best to make use of the redundant office space to the rear.

Specific development plans are agreed from time-to-time for the separate departments within the College to ensure that the College continues to enhance its ability to meet its objectives.

## Report of the Governing Body

## STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES

The Governing Body responsible for preparing the Report of the Governing Body and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the College will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the Colleges' Statutes. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the College and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by the Governing Body on 12th November 2014 and signed on its behalf by

Henry Woudhuysen

Rector

## Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of the Governing Body of Lincoln College

We have audited the financial statements of Lincoln College for the year ended 31 July 2014 which comprise the Statement of Accounting Policies, the Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities, the Consolidated and College Balance Sheets, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the related notes numbered 1 to 30.

This report is made solely to the College's Governing Body in accordance with section 154 of the Charities Act 2011. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Governing Body those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the College and its Governing Body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

## Respective responsibilities of Governing Body and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Accounting and Reporting Responsibilities, the Governing Body is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with regulations made under section 154 of that Act.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

## Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the charity's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Governing Body; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report of the Governing Body to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with ,the knowledge acquired by us during the course of our audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

## **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the charity's affairs as at 31 July 2014 and of the group's incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities Act 2011 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Report of the Governing Body is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept by the parent charity; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Critchleys LLP

Statutory Auditor

Oxford

Date:

Critchleys LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

## 1. Scope of the financial statements

The financial statements present the Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA), the Consolidated and College Balance Sheets and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement comprising the consolidation of the College and with its wholly owned subsidiaries College Enterprises Limited and College Trading Limited. No separate SOFA has been presented for the College alone as permitted by paragraph 397 of the Charities SORP 2005. The results of the subsidiaries that are included in the consolidated income, expenditure and results of the College are disclosed in note 13.

## 2. Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the Charities Act 2011 and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting and Reporting by Charities issued in 2005 ("the Charities SORP") and applicable accounting standards"), with the exception of the presentation of the transfer of Total return Applied to income, detailed below, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The financial statements are drawn up on the historical cost basis of accounting as modified by the revaluation of investment properties and other investments.

Under the Charities SORP, the transfer from Endowment under total return accounting is required to be shown under Net Incoming Resources before Transfers. The Trustees consider that, under total return accounting, this represents a form of income on which college budgets are based, and that it is preferable, in order to present a 'true and fair' picture of the financial affairs of the college, to include this transfer as Total Return Applied as Income' in the income section of the SOFA. This has no net effect on the total incoming resources, nor on the net movement of funds. There are no disclosures required by the SORP that have not been provided.

## 3. Incoming resources from fee income, HEFCE support and other charges for services

Fees receivable, HEFCE support and charges for services and use of the premises, including contributions received from restricted funds, are accounted for in the period in which the related service is provided.

## 4. Incoming resources from donations and legacies

Voluntary income is accounted for when the College has entitlement to the funds, the amount can be reliably quantified and there is reasonable certainty of its ultimate receipt.

Voluntary income received for the general purpose of the College is credited to unrestricted funds.

Voluntary income which is subject to specific wishes of the donor is credited to the relevant restricted fund or, where the donation, grant or legacy is required to be held as capital, to the endowment funds. Where donations are received otherwise than in cash, they are valued at the market value of the underlying assets received at the date of receipt.

## 5. Investment income

Interest on bank balances and fixed interest securities is accounted for in the period to which the interest relates.

Dividend income and similar distributions are accounted for in the period in which they become receivable.

Income from investment properties is accounted for in the period to which the rental income relates.

## **Statement of Accounting Policies**

## Year ended 31 July 2014

## 6. Expenditure

Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis. Indirect expenditure is apportioned to expenditure categories based on the estimated amount attributable to that activity in the year, either by reference to staff time or the use made of the underlying assets, as appropriate. Irrecoverable VAT is included with the item of expenditure to which it relates.

Grants awarded are expensed as soon as they become legal or operational commitments.

Governance costs comprise the costs of complying with constitutional and statutory requirements.

Intra-group sales and charges between the College and its subsidiaries are excluded from trading income and expenditure.

#### 7. Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the SOFA on a straight line basis over the relevant lease terms.

The cost of the assets held under finance leases is included within fixed assets and depreciation is charged in accordance with the accounting policy for each class of asset concerned. The corresponding capital obligations under these leases are shown as liabilities. The finance charge element of rentals is charged to the Statement of Financial Activities and classified within finance costs as incurred.

## 8. Tangible fixed assets

The cost of major renovation projects which increase the service potential of buildings is capitalised and depreciated over applicable periods.

Other expenditure on equipment incurred in the normal day-to-day running of the College and its subsidiaries is charged to the Statement of Financial Activities as incurred.

#### 9. Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of all relevant tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, in equal annual instalments over their expected useful economic lives as follows:

Freehold properties, including major extensions 50 years

Leasehold properties 50 years or period of lease if shorter

Building improvements 20 - 50 years

Equipment 3 - 15 years

Freehold land is not depreciated. The costs of maintenance is charged in the Statement of Financial Activities in the period in which it is incurred.

## 10. Investments

Investment properties are valued as individual investments at their market values as at the balance sheet date. Purchases and sales of investment properties are recognised on exchange of contracts.

Listed investments are valued at their mid-market values as at the balance sheet date. Investments such as hedge funds and private equity funds which have no readily identifiable market value are included at the most recent valuations from their respective managers.

Gains and losses arising on the investments are credited or charged to the Statement of Financial Activities and are allocated to the appropriate Fund according to the "ownership" of the underlying assets.

## **Statement of Accounting Policies**

## Year ended 31 July 2014

#### 11. Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, cost being the purchase price on a first in, first out basis.

#### 12. Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies during the year are translated at prevailing rates of exchange at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates applying at the Balance Sheet date or, where there are related forward foreign exchange contracts, at the contract rates. The resulting exchange differences are taken to the Statement of Financial Activities.

## 13. Total Return investment accounting

During the year ended 31 July 2014 the College resolved to adopt a 'total return' basis for the investment of its permanent endowment (except for the Polonsky (Hansard) Fund which consists of specific investments held for their income generating purposes). The College can invest its permanent endowments without regard to the capital/income distinctions of trust law and with discretion to apply any part of the accumulated total return on the investment as income for spending each year. Until this power is exercised, the total return is accumulated as a capital supplement to the preserved ('frozen') value of the permanent endowment.

The Governing Body has decided that it is in the best interests of the College to account for its invested expendable endowment capital in the same way, though there is no legal restriction on the power to spend such capital.

For the carrying value of the preserved (frozen) permanent capital, the Governing Body have taken its open market value as at 1 August 2002, together with the original gift value of all subsequent endowments received.

Having reviewed calculations there has been no need to re-state the comparative figure as a result of this change.

## 14. Fund accounting

The total funds of the College and its subsidiaries are allocated to unrestricted, restricted or endowment funds based on the origins of the funds and the terms set by the donors. Endowment funds are further sub-divided into permanent and expendable.

Unrestricted funds can be used in furtherance of the objects of the College at the discretion of the Governing Body. The Governing Body may decide that part of the unrestricted funds shall be used in future for a specific purpose and this will be accounted for by transfers to appropriate designated funds.

Restricted funds comprise gifts, legacies and grants where the donors have earmarked funds for specific purposes. They consist of *either* gifts where the donor has specified that both the capital and any income arising must be used for the purposes given *or* the income on gifts where the donor has required that the capital be maintained and the income used for specific purposes.

Permanent endowment funds arise where donors specify that the funds should be retained as capital for the permanent benefit of the College. Any income arising from the capital will be accounted for as unrestricted funds unless the donor has placed restrictions on the use of that income, in which case it will be accounted for as a restricted fund.

Expendable endowment funds are similar to permanent endowment in that they have been given, or the College has determined based on the circumstances that they have been given, for the long term benefit of the College. However, the Governing Body may at their discretion determine to spend all or part of the capital.

## LINCOLN COLLEGE Statement of Accounting Policies Year ended 31 July 2014

## 15. Pension costs

The costs of retirement benefits provided to employees of the College through two multi-employer defined pension schemes are accounted for as if these were defined contribution schemes in accordance with the requirements of FRS 17. The College's contributions to these schemes are charged in the period in which the salaries to which the contributions relate are payable.

## Lincoln College Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities For the year ended 31 July 2014

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	Notes	Unrestricted Funds £'000	Restricted Funds £'000	Endowment Funds £'000	2014 Total £'000	2013 Total £'000
INCOMING RESOURCES						
Resources from charitable activities	1					5.004
Teaching, research and residential		5,480 5,480			5,480 5,480	5,021 5,021
Resources from generated funds						E 004
Legacies and donations		283	3,858	1,682	5,823	5,061
Trading income	2	202	-	0.405	202	262
Investment income	3	264	73	2,165	2,502	2,347
Total Return Applied as income	14,18	1,597	612	(2,209)	-	E4
Bank and other interest	4	2,348	4,543	1,638	<del>2</del> 8,529 -	7,734
Other incoming resources	10		-		-	345
-		7,828	4,543	1,638	14,009	13,100
Total Incoming Resources		7,020	4,545	1,000	14,000	,
RESOURCES EXPENDED						
Cost of generating funds	5				526	495
Fundraising		526	-	-	194	251
Trading expenditure		194	-	-		
Investment management costs		73	8	332	413 1,133	347 1,093
		793	8	332_	1,100	1,095
Charitable activities	5	0.070	4.450	22	8,156	7,550
Teaching, research and residential		6,672	1,452 1,452	32 -	8,156 8,156	7,550
		6,672	1,452			
Governance costs	8	22	-	-	22	23
Total Resources Expended		7,487	1,460	364	9,311	8,666
Net incoming/(outgoing) resources					4 000	4 404
before transfers		341	3,083	1,274	4,698	4,434
Transfers between funds	18	2,848	(3,174)	326	•	-
Net incoming/(outgoing) resources		2 490	(91)	1,600	4,698	4,434
before other gains and losses		3,189	(91)	1,000	·	
Investment gains/(losses)		123	127	3,472	3,722	8,017
Net movement in funds for the year		3,312	36	5,072	8,420	12,451
Fund balances brought forward	18	18,798	3,886	82,561	105,245	92,794
Funds carried forward at 31 July	18	22,110	3,922	87,633	113,665	105,245
Fund balances brought forward  Funds carried forward at 31 July						

## Lincoln College Consolidated and College Balance Sheets As at 31 July 2014

	Notes	2014 Group £'000	<b>2013</b> Group £'000	2014 College £'000	<b>2013</b> College £'000
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	10	26,203	23,775	26,203	23,775
Property investments	11	45,015	42,576	45,015	42,576
Securities and other investments	12	43,613	40,709	36,535	33,607
	_	114,831	107,060	107,753	99,958
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		145	137	145	137
Debtors	15	1,407	2,186	1,564	2,171
Cash at bank and in hand		9,175	7,221	9,001	7,206
	_	10,727	9,544	10,710	9,514
CREDITORS: falling due within one year	16	1,764	1,215	1,749	1,188
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)	_	8,963	8,329	8,961	8,326
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		123,794	115,389	116,714	108,284
CREDITORS: falling due after more than one year	17	10,129	10,144	10,129	10,144
NET ASSETS	_	113,665	105,245	106,585	98,140
FUNDS OF THE COLLEGE	18				
Endowment funds		87,633	82,649	80,553	75,544
Restricted funds		3,922	3,798	3,922	3,798
Unrestricted funds		an	40.005	00 505	10 005
Designated funds		20,525	18,085	20,525	18,085
General funds		1,585	713	1,585	713
	_	113,665	105,245	106,585	98,140

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Governing Body of Lincoln College

on: 12 November 2014

Trustee:

Trustee:

## Lincoln College Consolidated Cash Flow Statement For the year ended 31 July 2014

		2014	2013
	-	Group	Group
	Notes	£'000	£'000
Net cash(outflow) from operations	24	2,664	(591)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	ce control		
Income from investments		2,504	2,411
Finance costs paid		(181)	(141)
		2,323	2,270
Capital expenditure and financial investment			
New endowment capital received		1,682	2,165
Payments for tangible fixed assets		(3,079)	(8,220)
Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets		(2,397)	(3,724)
Net acquisition of investments  Net proceeds from sales of investments		776	1,211
,		(3,018)	(8,568)
		<del></del>	
Management of liquid resources  Net withdrawals from / (additions to) term dep	osits	-	5,004
1406 Millional Maria Maria 100 Community			
Financing			5,013
New bank and other loans		- (15)	5,015
Bank loans repaid		(10)	
		(15)	5,013
Increase in cash in the year		1,954	3,128
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement			
in net (debt)/funds			
Increase in cash in the year		1,954	3,128
Transfers (from)/to term deposits and current inve	stments	<u>.</u>	(5,004)
(Increase) in loan and lease finance		15	(5,013)
Change in net (debt)/funds		1,969	(6,889)
Net debt at 1 August		(2,923)	3,966
Net debt at 31 July		(954)	(2,923)
HAA MAKA ME A L AL.A			

1	INCOME FROM CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES	l ltriatad	Restricted	Endowment	2014	2013
		Unrestricted	Funds	Funds	Total	Total
		Funds £'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
		£.000	2,000	2000	2000	2000
	Teaching, research and residential	1,501	_	_	1,501	1,360
	Tuition fees - UK and EU students	454	_	-	454	500
	Tuition fees - Overseas students	43		-	43	92
	Other fees	255	-	_	255	267
	HEFCE support Other academic income	259	_	-	259	130
		2,968	_	_	2,968	2,672
	College residential income	2,000				
		5,480	-		5,480	5,021
	The above analysis includes £1,447k received received directly (2013 - £1,410k)	d from Oxford Univ	versity under the	e CFF Scheme,		
2	TRADING INCOME				2014	2013
					£'000	£'000
	Subsidiary company trading income				202	262
					202	262
3	INVESTMENT INCOME	Unrestricted Funds £'000	Restricted Funds £'000	Endowment Funds £'000	2014 Total £'000	<b>2013</b> Total £'000
	Agricultural rent	-	-	127	127	117
	Commercial rent	252	-	1,716	1,968	1,708
	Other property income	-	-	119	119	226
	Equity dividends	12	73	155	240	258
	Income from fixed interest stocks	-	-	13	13	-
	Interest on fixed term deposits and cash	-	-	35	35	38
		264	73	2,165	2,502	2,347
4	BANK AND OTHER INTEREST INCOME					0040
		Unrestricted	Restricted	Endowment	2014	2013
		Funds	Funds	Funds	Total	Totai
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Bank interest	2	-	<u>.</u>	2	64
						64

## Lincoln College Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 July 2014

5	ANALYSIS OF RESOURCES EXPENDED					
•	THE PART OF THE PA	Direct	Other	Support	2014	2013
		staff costs	direct costs	costs	Total	Total
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Costs of generating funds					
	Fundraising	296	229	1	526	495
	Trading expenditure	80	53	61	194	251
	Investment management costs	-	357	56	413	347
	Total costs of generating funds	376	639	118	1,133	1,093
	Charitable expenditure					
	Teaching, research and residential	3,505	3,120	1,531	8,156	7,550
	Total charitable expenditure	3,505	3,120	1,531	8,156	7,550
	Governance costs	<u>.</u>	22		22	23
			"-			
	Total resources expended	3,881_	3,781	1,649	9,311	8,666

The College is liable to be assessed for Contribution under the provisions of Statute XV of the University of Oxford. The Contribution Fund is used to make grants and loans to colleges on the basis of need. Contribution is calculated annually in accordance with regulations made by the Council.

The teaching, research and resindential costs include College Contribution payable of £60k (2013 - £70k).

## 6 SUPPORT COSTS

	Generating Funds £'000	Teaching Research Residential £'000	2014 Total £'000	2013 Total £'000
Financial and domestic admin Human resources IT Depreciation Loss/(profit) on fixed assets Bank interest payable Other finance charges	42 2 7 11 - 56	624 34 107 641 - 105 20	666 36 114 652 - 161 20	594 35 108 485 - 134 7
-	118	1,531	1,649	1,363

Finance and administration and human resources costs are attributed according to the estimated staff time spent on each activity.

Depreciation costs are attributed according to the use made of the underlying assets.

IT costs are attributed according to the estimated staff time spent on each activity.

Interest and other finance charges are attributed according to the purpose of the related financing.

7	GRANTS AND AWARDS  During the year the College funded research awards and bursaries to students from its restricted and unrestricted fund as follows:	Unrestricted Funds £'000	Restricted Funds £'000	2014 Total £'000	2013 Total £'000
	Scholarships, prizes and grants Bursaries and hardship awards	89 55	671 56	760 111	590 131
		144	727	871	721

The above costs are included within the charitable expenditure on Teaching, research and resindential.

3	GOVERNANCE COSTS	2014	2013
	Governance costs comprise:  Auditor's remuneration - audit services  Auditor's remuneration - other services  Legal and other fees on constitutional matters	22 - -	23 - -
	Legal and officer lees on constitutional matters		23

No amount has been included in Governance Costs for the direct employment costs or reimbursed expenses of the College Fellows on the basis that these payments relate to the Fellows involvement in the College's charitable activities. Details of the remuneration of the Fellows and their reimbursed expenses are included as a separate note within these financial statements.

9	STAFF COSTS	2014	2013
	The aggregate payroll costs for the year were as follows.	£'000	£,000
	Catarian and woman	3,680	3,471
	Salaries and wages	255	248
	Social security costs	575	511
	Pension costs	0.0	• • •
		4,510	4,230
	The average number of permanent employees of the College, excluding Trustees,	2014	2013
	on a full time equivalent basis was as follows.		
	Tuition and research	14	14
		59	61
	College residential	5	5
	Fundraising	12	12
	Support	<b>'-</b>	•-
	Total	90	92
	The average number of employed College Trustees during the year was as follows.		
	Heisaraity Lasturare	14	14
	University Lecturers	5	5
	CUF Lecturers	6	7
	Other teaching and research	7	7
	Other	•	
	Total	32	33
	1 01001		

## Lincoln College Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 July 2014

## 9 STAFF COSTS (continued)

At start of year

The College also benefits from temporary staff, agency workers and those part-time external tutors who are not on the College payroll.

The following information relates to the employees of the College excluding the College Trustees. Details of the remuneration and reimbursed expenses of the College Trustees is included as a separate note in these financial statements.

The number of employees (excluding the College Trustees) during the year whose gross pay and benefits (excluding employer NI and pension contributions) fell within the following bands was:

£60,001-£70,000	The following bands	. 1740.	2014	2013 1
The number of the above employees with retirement benefi	ts accruing was as f	ollows:		
In defined benefits schemes			-	1
10 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
Group and College	Leasehold land and buildings £'000	Freehold land and buildings £'000	Fixtures, Fittings and Equipment £'000	Total £'000
Cost At start of year Additions Disposals	4,612 - -	22,030 3,029	1,354 50 -	27,996 3,079 -
At end of year	4,612	25,059	1,404	31,075
<b>Depreciation</b> At start of year Charge for the year On disposals	- 92 -	3,393 405 -	828 154 -	4,221 651 -
At end of year	92	3,798	982	4,872
Net book value At end of year	4,520	21,261	422	26,203

In the Statement of Financial Activities other incoming resources represents the gain on disposal of a freehold property.

4,612

18,637

23,775

526

11 PROPERTY INVESTMENTS					
Group and College	Agricultural £'000	Commercial £'000	Other £'000	2014 Total £'000	2013 Total £'000
Valuation at start of year Additions and improvements at cost Disposals net proceeds Revaluation gains in the year	9,251 - - 869	26,738 - (45) 982	6,587 - - - 633	42,576 - (45) 2,484	37,894 3,760 (1,211) 2,133
Valuation at end of year	10,120	27,675	7,220	45,015	42,576
Property valuations at 31 July 2014 have be Fiennes on the basis of market value  12 SECURITIES AND OTHER INVESTMENTS		College's external	land agent (FR		
				2014 £'000	2013 £'000

			2014 £'000	2013 £'000
College investments			2 000	2000
Valuation at start of year			33,605	28,711
New money invested			2,251	171
Amounts withdrawn			(710)	(298)
Reinvested income			226	123
Investment management fees			(125)	(124)
Increase in value of investments			1,286	5,022
External investments at end of year		_	36,533	33,605
Investment in subsidiaries			2	2
College investments at end of year		_	36,535	33,607
Group investments				
Valuation at start of year			40,709	34,861
New money invested			2,251	171
Amounts withdrawn			(731)	(320)
Reinvested income			276	242
Investment management fees			(130)	(129)
Increase in value of investments	•		1,238	5,884
Group investments at end of year			43,613	40,709
Group investments comprise:	Held outside	Held in	2014	2013
·	the UK	the UK	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Equity investments	2,437	16,197	18,634	16,296
Fixed interest stocks	-	1,065	1,065	2,527
Alternative and other investments	3,531	20,088	23,619	20,620
Fixed term deposits and cash	-	295	295	1,266
Total group investments	5,968	37,645	43,613	40,709

#### 13 SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

The College holds 100% of the issued share capital in Lincoln College Trading Limited, a company providing conference and other event services on the College premises, and 100% of the issued share capital in Lincoln College Enterprises Limited, a company providing design and build construction services to the College.

The results of the subsidiaries and their assets and liabilities at the year end were as follows.

Lincoln Lincoln College College **Entereprises Trading** Limited Limited £'000 £'000 2,726 202 Turnover (2,597)(194)Expenditure (129)(8)Donation to College under gift aid

 Result for the year
 235
 510

 Total assets
 (234)
 (509)

 Net funds at the end of year
 1
 1

In addition the consolidated accounts include Lincoln 2027 Trust and Lincoln College Michael Zilkha Fund which are separate registered charities. Please see note 18 for the funds held by these charities (which are all represented by investments) and the movements in the year.

## 14 STATEMENT OF INVESTMENT TOTAL RETURN

The Trustees have adopted a duly authorised policy of total return accounting for the College investment returns with effect from 1 August 2013. The investment return to be applied as income is calculated as 3% of the average values of the relevant investments at the start of the previous three years. The preserved (frozen) value of the invested endowment capital represents its open market value in 1 August 2002 together with all subsequent endowments valued at date of gift.

all subsequent endowments valued at date of gitt.	Permanent Endowment £'000	Expendable Endowment £'000	Total £'000
Investment total return Income distributions Capital gains/losses Investment management costs	1,972 3,245 (299)	193 227 (33)	2,165 3,472 (332)
Total return for the year	4,918	387	5,305
Amount applied as income for spending	(1,866)	(343)	(2,209)
Net increase in Unapplied Total Return in the year Unapplied Total Return at start of year	3,052 34,854		
Unapplied Total Return at end of year	37,906		
Preserved value of original permanent endowments	30,488		

## Lincoln College Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 July 2014

15 DEBTORS	2014	2013	2014	2013
	Group	Group	College	College
•	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due within one year:				4.0.
Trade debtors	481	1,289	417	1,257
Amounts owed by College members	38	13	38	13
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	-	-	211	4
Loans repayable within one year	-			- 246
Prepayments and accrued income	248	233	258	240
Amounts falling due after more than one year:				
Loans	640	651	640	651
	1,407	2,186	1,564	2,171
40 ODEDITORS, falling due within one year				
16 CREDITORS: falling due within one year	2014	2013	2014	2013
	Group	Group	College	College
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Tools and then	751	239	488	229
Trade creditors  Amounts owed to Group undertakings	-	2	226	11
Taxation and social security	5	35	(2)	23
College contribution	57	58	57	58
Accruals and deferred income	494	590	523	576
Other creditors	457	291	457	291
	1,764	1,215	1,749	1,188
17 CREDITORS: falling due after more than one year	2014	2013	2014	2013
	Group	Group	College	College
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Bank loans	10,029	10,044	10,029	10,044
Other loans	100	100	100	100
	10,129	10,144	10,129	10,144

£10,000,000 (2013 £10,000,000) of the bank loans is repayable in 2041. This loan is unsecured

	£'000	resources £'000	expended £'000	Transfers £'000	(losses) £'000	2014 £'000
Endowment Funds - Perman	ent					
General Endowment	41,815	1,719	(248)	(1,315)	2,096	44,067
Montgomery Estate	618	7	(1)	(19)	22	627
Nuffield Research						4 000
Trust Fund	1,324	15	(3)	(47)	44	1,333
Paul Shuffery Bequest	6,454	74	(15)	(194)	623	6,942
Other Fellowships	10,032	549	(23)	(237)	335	10,656
Polonsky (Hansard)	470				(106)	364
Student Support	3,242	961	(9)	272	119	4,585
Others	176	2	<u></u>		6	184
Endowment Funds - Expend						
General endowment	5,465	62	(13)	(164)	182	5,532
Legacies and Bequests	5,860	396	(13)	(179)	199	6,263
Lincoln 2027 Trust	5,846	48	(4)		(90)	5,800
Lincoln College						
Michael Zilkha Fund	1,259	14	(35)		42	1,280
Total Endowment Funds	82,561	3,847	(364)	(1,883)	3,472	87,633
Restricted Funds						
Income, Endowment						
Funds	88	32	(645)	612		87
Scholarship and grants	•	601	(601)			4 700
Berrow Foundation Building	1,568	3,167	(3)	(3,004)	52	1,780
Other restricted funds	2,230	131	(211)	(170)	75	2,055
Total Restricted Funds	3,886	3,931	(1,460)	(2,562)	127	3,922
Unrestricted Funds						
General	713	6,172	(7,416)	2,015	101	1,585
Fixed asset designated	17,428	·	-	2,427		19,855
Other designated	657	59	(71)	3	22	670
Total Unrestricted Funds	18,798	6,231	(7,487)	4,445	123	22,110
Total Group Funds	105,245	14,009	(9,311)	-	3,722	113,665
Total Group Funds		- ",				
less:	(5,846)	(48)	4	-	90	(5,800)
Lincoln 2027 Trust	(5,846) (1,259)	(14)	35	_	(42)	(1,280)
Michael Zilkha Fund	(1,208)	( i −i )	• • •			

#### 19 FUNDS OF THE COLLEGE DETAILS

The following is a summary of the origins and purposes of each of the main Funds

<b>Endowment</b>	Funde	. Dormanont	
FOOOWMENT	FIRMS -	· Permanem	

General Endowment A consolidation of gifts and donations where income, but not capital, can be used for the

general purposes of the College; includes the foundation capital of the College.

Montgomery Estate A fund established by Mrs Gertrude Montgomery in 1977 where income, but not capital, can

be used to fund the teaching of Classics and/or German.

A fund established by Viscount Nuffield in 1948 where income, but not capital, can be used to

Nuffield Research Trust Fund support medical research, specifically to fund the emoluments payable to the College's

nominated medical research Fellow(s).

Paul Shuffery Bequest A fund established by Paul Shuffrey in 1955 where income, but not capital, can be used to

fund the study of Architecture, Classics, History of Art or similar areas of study at the

discretion of the Rector of the College.

Other Fellowships A consolidation of gifts and donations where income, but not capital, can be used to support a

number of named Fellowships dedicated to research and teaching at Lincoln College.

Student Support A consolidation of gifts and donations where income, but not capital, can be used to fund

scholarships, exhibitions, prizes and other forms of support for students at Lincoln College.

During the year, £326k was transferred to endowment from restricted and unrestricted funds following clarification of the exact terms on which the original donations were received.

**Endowment Funds - Expendable:** 

General Endowment A consolidation of gifts and donations where either income or income and capital can be used

for the general purposes of the College.

Legacies and Bequests A consolidation of legacies and bequests made over to Lincoln College, of which either

income or income and capital can be used for the general purposes of the College.

Lincoln 2027 Trust An independent charity (registered no.1136816) established by Trust Deed dated 18th

December 2009 with the object of raising, investing and accumulating funds to provide new

and substantial support to Lincoln College.

Lincoln College Michael

Zilkha Fund

An independent charity (registered no. 1095113) established by Trust Deed in 2002 whose

object is to support the educational and/or research activities of the Fellows of Lincoln

College.

**Restricted Funds:** 

Income generated by endowment funds which can be used for the specific purposes for

Income, Endowment funds which the endowment funds were established.

Funds received for the Berrow Foundation Building. Amounts are transferred to the fixed

Berrow Foundation Building asset designated fund once they have been expended on the building.

Scholarships and grants Funds received for scholarships and other forms of support for students that have been

expended during the year.

## Lincoln College Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 July 2014

#### 19 FUNDS OF THE COLLEGE DETAILS (continued)

## **Designated Funds**

Fixed asset designated

Unrestricted funds which are represented by the fixed assets of the College and which are therefore not available for expenditure on the College's general purposes.

The General Unrestricted Funds represent accumulated income from the College's activities and other sources that are available for the general purposes of the College

#### 20 ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS

Unrestricted Funds £'000	Restricted Funds £'000	Endowment Funds £'000	Total £'000
26,203	_	-	26,203
3.825	_	41,190	45,015
,	1,835	40,606	43,613
	2.087	5,837	8,963
(10,129)	-	· -	(10,129)
22,110	3,922	87,633	113,665
	Funds £'000 26,203 3,825 1,172 1,039 (10,129)	Funds £'000 £'000  26,203 - 3,825 - 1,172 1,835 1,039 2,087 (10,129) -	Funds £'000         Funds £'000         Funds £'000           26,203         -         -           3,825         -         41,190           1,172         1,835         40,606           1,039         2,087         5,837           (10,129)         -         -

#### 21 TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION

The trustees of the College comprise the Governing Body, primarily Fellows who are teaching and research employees of the college and who sit on Governing Body by virtue of their employment.

No trustee receives any remuneration for acting as a trustee. However, those trustees who are also employees of the college receive salaries for their work as employees. Where possible, these salaries are paid in accordance with external scales. Many are joint arrangements with the University of Oxford.

The College has a Remuneration Committee which is an advisory committee of the Governing Body. The Remuneration Committee makes recommendations to the Governing Body in respect of those parts of the remuneration in which some discretion or judgement is required, such as the setting of specific allowances.

Trustees of the college fall into the following categories:

- -- Professorial Fellows
- -- Tutorial Fellows
- Trustees who do not have education or research responsibilities but who work full-time as managers
  of the College, namely the Rector, Bursar, Senior Tutor and Domestic Bursar

Some trustees, particularly tutorial fellows, are eligible for College housing schemes. Some trustees live in properties owned by the College and have a deduction from salary as rent. Others may be eligible for a housing allowance which is disclosed within the salary figures below. Some trustees are in receipt of a loan from the College to facilitate house-purchase within the Oxford area. These are disclosed in note 27.

Some trustees receive additional allowances for additional work carried out as part time college officers ( eg Sub Rector, Dean). These amounts are included within the remuneration figures below.

The total remuneration and taxable benefits included overleaf is £1,097k (2012-13 £998k). The total of pension contributions included overleaf is £164k (2012-13 £149k).

## 21 TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION (continued)

## Remuneration paid to trustees

		2013-2014		2012-2013
	Number of	Gross remuneration, taxable	- <del>"</del>	Gross remuneration, taxable
	trustees/	benefits and pension	Number of	benefits and pension
Range	fellows	contributions	trustees/ fellows	contributions
		£		£
£0-£999			1	300
£1,000-£1,999	1	1,659		5.500
£5,000-£5,999			1	5,533
£6,000-£6,999	1	6,238		0
£7,000-£7,999			1	7,429
£8,000-£8,999	1	8,599		
£10,000-£10,999			1	10,475
£11,000-£11,999			2	23,048
£13,000-£13,999			1	13,413
£15,000-£15,999			1	15,315
£17,000-£17,999	1	17,9 <del>4</del> 2		22.25
£19,000-£19,999			2	39,352
£20,000-£20,999	2	41,164		62,136
£21,000-£21,999	5	107,838		42,612
£22,000-£22,999	2	45,238		
£23,000-£23,999	1	23,259		23,084
£25,000-£25,999	1	25,791		
£27,000-£27,999	1	27,598		27,060
£28,000-£28,999	1	28,621		
£29,000-£29,999			1	29,410
£32,000-£32,999	1	32,548		
£33,000-£33,999			1	33,738
£36,000-£36,999	1	36,940		36,369
£37,000-£37,999	1	37,971		75,229
£38,000-£38,999	1	38,372	. 1	38,094
£50,000-£50,999	2	100,952	4	202,117
£51,000-£51,999	3	153,815		103,169
£54,000-£54,999	1	54,149		0
£76,000-£76,999			2	152,598
£77,000-£77,999	2	155,110		
£87,000-£87,999	1	87,797		
£101,000-£101,999			1	101,966
£104,000-£104,999			1	104,934
£107,000-£107,999	1	107,900	•	
£121,000-£121,999	1	121,799		
Total	32	1,261,303	33	1,147,381

6 trustees are not employees of the college and do not receive remuneration.

All trustees, together with other senior employees, are eligible for private health insurance as part of their package of remuneration.

## Trustee expenses

No fellow claimed any expenses for work as a trustee.

#### 22 PENSION SCHEMES

## 1. The pension schemes

The College participates in two principal pension schemes for its staff - the Universities Superannuation Scheme ('USS') and the University of Oxford Staff Pension Scheme ('OSPS'). Both schemes are contributory defined benefit schemes (i.e. they provide benefits based on length of service and pensionable salary) and are contracted out from the State Second Pension Scheme. The assets of USS and OSPS are each held in separate trustee-administered funds. Both schemes are multi-employer schemes and the College is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of each scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis. Therefore, in accordance with the accounting standard FRS17 "Retirement Benefits", the College accounts for the schemes as if they were defined contribution schemes. As a result, the amount charged to the income and expenditure account represents the contributions payable to the schemes in respect of the accounting period.

In the event of the withdrawal of any of the participating employers in USS, the amount of any pension funding shortfall (which cannot be otherwise recovered) in respect of that employer will be spread across the remaining participating employers and reflected in the next actuarial valuation of the scheme.

However, in OSPS, the amount of any pension funding shortfall in respect of any withdrawing participating employer will be charged to that employer.

The College also has a small number of staff in other pension schemes.

#### 2. Actuarial valuations

Qualified actuaries periodically value the Schemes. Both USS and OSPS were valued using the "projected unit" method, embracing a market value approach. The resulting levels of contribution take account of actuarial surpluses or deficits in each scheme. The financial assumptions were derived from market conditions prevailing at the valuation date. The results of the latest actuarial valuations and the assumptions which have the most significant effect on the results of the latest valuations and the determination of the contribution levels are shown in the following table.

Г	USS	OSPS
Date of valuation:	31/03/2011	31/03/2013
Date valuation results published:	15/06/2012	23/06/2014
Value of liabilities:	£35,344m	£597m
Value of assets:	£32,434m	£424m
Funding Surplus/(Deficit):	(£2,910m) a&b	(£197m) c
Principal assumptions:		
Rate of interest (past service liabilities)	6.1% pa	-
Rate of interest (future service liabilities)	6.1% pa	-
Rate of interest (periods up to retirement)	-	4.4% pa
Rate of interest (periods after retirement)	-	4.4% pa
Rate of increase in salaries	4.4% pa	4.5% pa
Rate of increase in pensions	3.4% pa d	4.4% pa
Mortality assumptions:		
Assumed life expectancy at age 65 (males)	23.7 yrs	22 yrs
Assumed life expectancy at age 65	25.6 yrs	24 yrs
Funding Ratios:		
Technical Provisions basis:	92%	71%
Statutory Pension Protection Fund basis:	93%	69%
"Buy-out" basis:	57%	44%
Estimated FRS17 basis	82%	75%
Recommended Employer's contribution rate (as % of pensionable salaries):	16% e	21.5% increasing to 23.5% f
Effective date of next valuation:	31/03/2014	31/03/2016

## 22 PENSION SCHEMES (continued) Notes:

- a. USS' actuarial valuation as at 31st March 2011 identified a funding deficit of £2,910m. USS implemented with effect from 1st October 2011 a package of changes, including the admission of new members into a Career Revalued Benefits section. Further details about the changes may be reviewed on USS' website, www.uss.co.uk. After allowing for those changes, the actuary established a long term employer contribution rate of 12.6% of total pensionable salaries for the 2011/12 year, reducing over time. USS agreed with Universities UK, on behalf of all the employers participating in the scheme, to address the deficit by continuing the employer contribution rate at the previously agreed rate of 16% of total pensionable salaries (this being the rate paid by the employers since 1st October 2009) until 31st March 2017, following which the employers will pay an additional 2% of salaries in excess of the blended employer future service cost of accruals. The actuary has certified that the additional contribution should eliminate the deficit by 31st March 2021.
- b. As the work on the 2014 valuation for USS is not yet complete the trustee cannot provide the final figure for funding as at 31 March 2014. However, an estimate has been provided using the assumptions to deliver the 2011 actuarial valuation. On that basis the actuary has estimated that the funding level under the scheme specific funding regime will have fallen from 92% at 31 March 2011 to 85% at 31 March 2014. This estimate is based on the results from the valuation at 31 March 2011 allowing primarily for investment returns and changes
- c. OSPS' actuarial valuation as at 31 March 2013 identified a required long-term employer contribution rate of 20.1% of total pensionable salaries, and a funding deficit of £173m. The University of Oxford, on behalf of all the employers participating in the scheme, has agreed with the trustees of OSPS to address this deficit by raising the employer contribution rate in increments of 0.5% of pensionable salary to 23.5%, with this increase being implemented over the next three years to 1 August 2017. The actuary has certified that the additional contribution
- d. USS' actuary has assumed that pension increases will be 3.4% a year for the three years to 31st March 2014, then 2.6% a year thereafter.
- e. As noted above (note a), the USS employer contribution rate required for future service benefits alone at the date of the valuation was 12.6% of total pensionable salaries. It was agreed that employers should continue to contribute at the previously agreed rate of 16% of total pensionable salaries (this being the rate paid by the employers since 1st October 2009) until 31st March 2017, following which the employers will pay an additional
- f. As noted above (note c), the OSPS employer contribution rate required for future service benefits alone at the date of the valuation was 20.1% of total As noted above (note c), the OSPS employer contribution rate required for future service benefits alone at the date of the valuation was 20.1% of total

## 3. Sensitivity of actuarial valuation assumptions

Surpluses or deficits which arise at future valuations may impact on the College's future contribution commitment. The sensitivities regarding the principal assumptions used to measure the scheme liabilities are set out below:

Assumption	Change in assumption	Impact on s	Impact on scheme liabilities		
•		USS	OSPS		
Valuation rate of interest	increase/decrease by 0.5%	decrease / increase by £3.2bn	decrease / increase by £63m		
Rate of pension increases	increase/decrease by 0.5%	increase / decrease by £2.0bn	increase / decrease by £41m		
Rate of salary growth	increase/decrease by 0.5%	increase / decrease by £1.2bn	increase / decrease by £13m		
Rate of mortality	more prudent assumption (mortality at last valuation, rated down by a further year)	increase by £0.8bn	increase by £20m		

## Lincoln College Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 July 2014

## 2 PENSION SCHEMES (continued)

#### 4. Pension charge for the year

The pension charge recorded by the College during the accounting period was equal to the contributions payable as follows:

	£'000	
Scheme	2014	2013
Universities Superannuation Scheme	237	213
University of Oxford Staff Pension Scheme	331	293
Other Schemes	7	5
Total	575	511

#### 23 TAXATION

The College is able to take advantage of the tax exemptions available to charities from taxation in respect of income and capital gains received to the extent that such income and gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes. No liability to corporation tax arises in the College's subsidiary company(ies) because the directors of this/these company(ies) have indicated that they intend to make donations each year to the College equal to the taxable profits of the company under the Gift Aid scheme. Accordingly no provision for taxation has been included in the financial statements.

## 24 RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOMING RESOURCES TO

2014 £'000  Net incoming resources for the year  4,698  Elimination of non-operating cash flows: - Investment income (2,504) - Endowment donations (1,682)	2013 £'000 4,434 (2,411) (2,165) 141
Elimination of non-operating cash flows: - Investment income (2,504)	(2,411) (2,165)
- Investment income (2,504)	(2,165)
(-,,	(2,165)
- Endowment donations (4 682)	
(1,002)	141
- Financing costs 181	
Depreciation 651	485
(Surplus)/loss on sale of fixed assets	-
(Increase)in stock (8)	(23)
Decrease/(increase) in debtors 779	(1,234)
Increasein creditors 549	182
Net cash (outflow) from operations 2,664	(591)
25 ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS	
2013 Cash flow	2014
£'000 £'000	£'000
Cash at bank and in hand 7,221 1,954	9,175
7,221 1,954	9,175
	10,129)
(2,923) 1,969	(954)

## Lincoln College Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 July 2014

#### **26 FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS**

At 31 July the College had no annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases

#### **27 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

The College had contracted commitments at 31 July for future capital projects totalling £0.52m (2013-£2.65m).

#### **28 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The College is part of the collegiate University of Oxford. Material interdependencies between the University and of the College arise as a consequence of this relationship. For reporting purposes, the University and the other Colleges are not treated as related parties as defined in FRS8 ("Related party disclosures").

Members of the Governing Body, who are the trustees of the College and related parties as defined by FRS 8, receive remuneration and facilities as employees of the College. Details of these payments and reimbursed expenses as trustees are disclosed separately in these financial statements.

The following trustees had loans outstanding from the College at the start and/or end of the year.

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Dr Radu Coldea	108	108
Dr Roel Dullens	108	108
Prof Cecile Fabre	89	94
Dr Perry Gauci		3
Dr Maria Stamatopolou	110	110
Dr Dominic Vella	108	108
Prof Michael Willis	100	100

Interest is charged on the above loans.

In addition the following trustees had interest free capital expenditure loans outstanding from the College at the start and/or end of the year.

Dr Radu Coldea	-	1
Prof Catherine de Vries	1	1
Dr Roel Dullens	3	3
Prof Cecile Fabre	-	2
Prof S Gardener	2	-
Dr Noam Gur	1	-
Dr Alana Harris	1	1
Prof David Hills	-	1
Prof Peter McCullough	-	1
Dr Edward Nye	1	1
Dr Philippe Trinh	-	2
Dr Dominic Vella	1	1
Prof Michael Willis	-	1

#### 29 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are no contingent liabilities at the balance sheet date (2013 nil)

#### **30 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS**

There have been no material post balance sheet events which require disclosure.